

Immunosignatures: a Platform Technology for Diagnosis and Discovery

RUSNANO

Stephen Albert Johnston

Center for Innovations in Medicine

HealthTell

Russian American Anti Cancer Center



Current *Center for Innovations In Medicine* Projects

<u>OBJECTIVE</u>	<u>INVENTION</u>	<u>COMPANY</u>
Health Monitoring/ Early Diagnosis	Immunosignatures	HealthTell, Inc
Universal Preventative Cancer Vaccine	Frameshift Antigens	Calviri, LLC
NextGen Antibiotics, Anti-Virals	Synbodies	

Forbes Magazine, 1/19/2012

U.S. Healthcare Hits \$3 Trillion

National Healthcare Expenditure – or NHE.

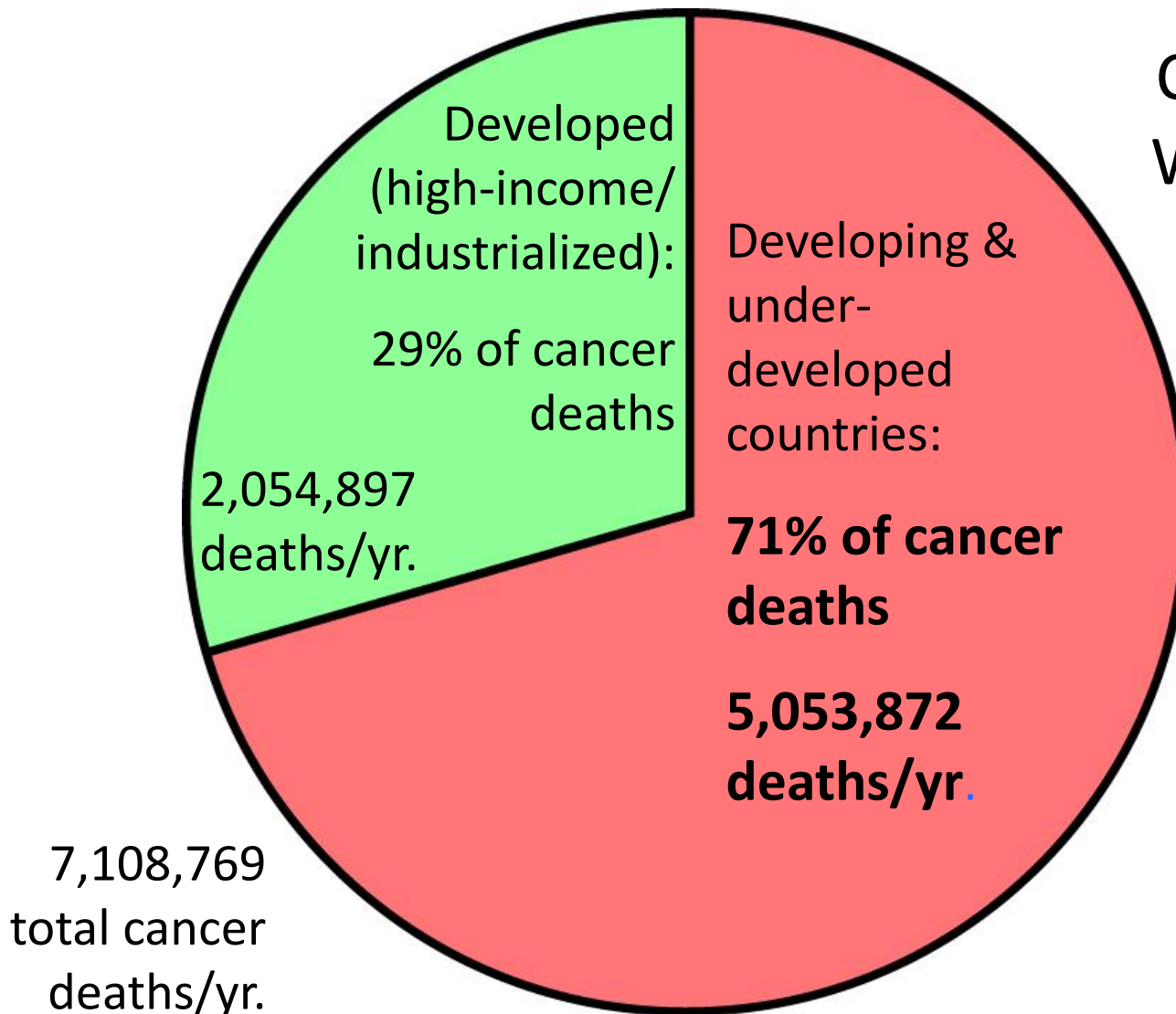
... NHE for 2012 is probably closer to \$2.7 trillion but there's this nagging bookkeeping accrual of about \$300 billion where we (narrowly) avoided those darn pesky SGR cuts to Medicare. ... That puts the real NHE at about \$3 trillion for 2012 (+ about 4% for each year forward – as far as the eye can see).

As one economist said – we don't have a debt problem in this country – we have a healthcare problem.

<http://www.forbes.com/sites/danmunro/2012/01/19/u-s-healthcare-hits-3-trillion/>

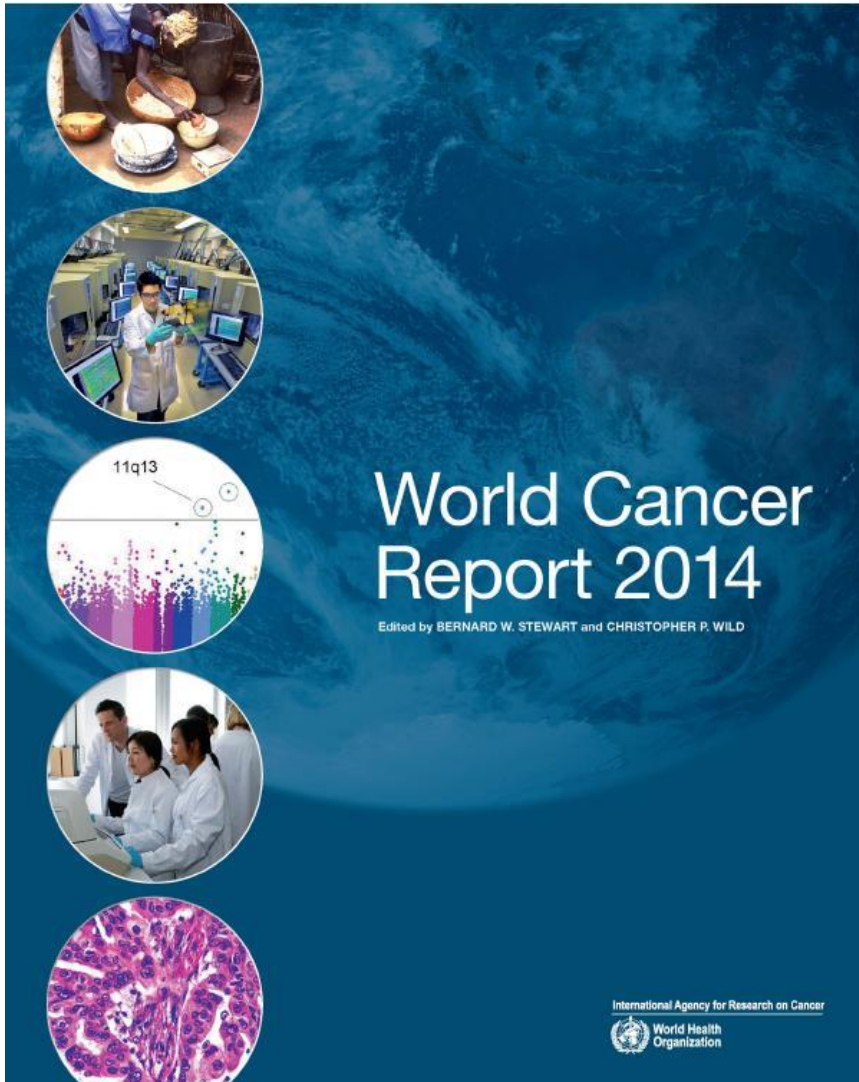
\$3 trillion is ~19% of the GDP for the US

Cancer Deaths Worldwide



Source: World Health Statistics 2006, published by the World Health Organization (WHO). WHO.

WHO: Imminent global cancer 'disaster'



THE GLOBAL ECONOMIC COST OF CANCER

“The total economic impact of premature death and disability from cancer worldwide was \$895 billion in 2008.”

APRIL 1, 2013

GOP Makeover / Drone Morality / The Marriage Test By Joel Stein

TIME HOW TO CURE CANCER*

*Yes, it's now possible—thanks to new cancer dream teams that are delivering better results faster

BY BILL SAPORITO

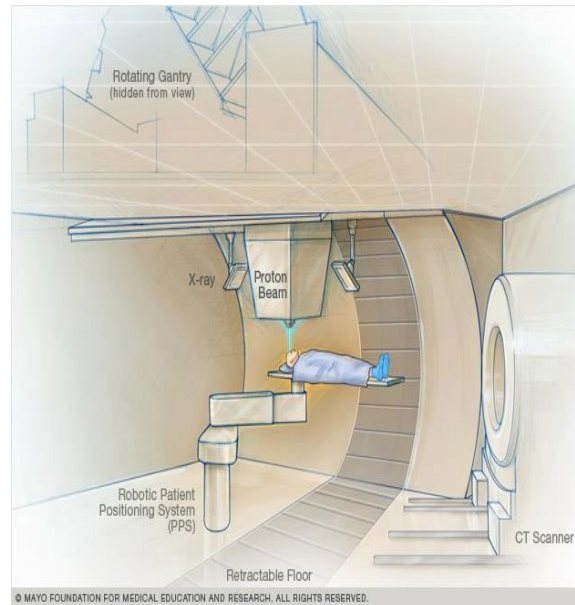
www.time.com

Anne Weston, picture of “How to Cure Cancer”, Time magazine web, June, 2013



**“When the stars come together
cancer doesn’t stand a chance”**

Positron Emission Therapy



Development:	\$200B (1000 centers)
Cost/Year:	\$50B
Cost/Trtment	~\$30,000
Physicists	10,000

Personalized Medicine

- 1. Tumor DNA and/or RNA from ONE Individual is Sequenced**
- 2. Analysis of Sequence Indicates the Right Drug to Use**
- 3. Treatments often >\$100,000 US**

Post-Symptomatic Medicine To Pre-Symptomatic Health

2009 GNP \$14.7T

2009 Health Care Costs \$2.5T

Per capita health expenditure ~\$8000

Median adjusted gross income in 2007 ~\$33,000*

Median federal taxes per capita in 2007 ~\$1,000

Total Medicare expenditures in 2004 ~\$3B

Medicare expenditure per capita ~\$1000

Exhibit 1: National Health Expenditures per Capita, 1990-2018

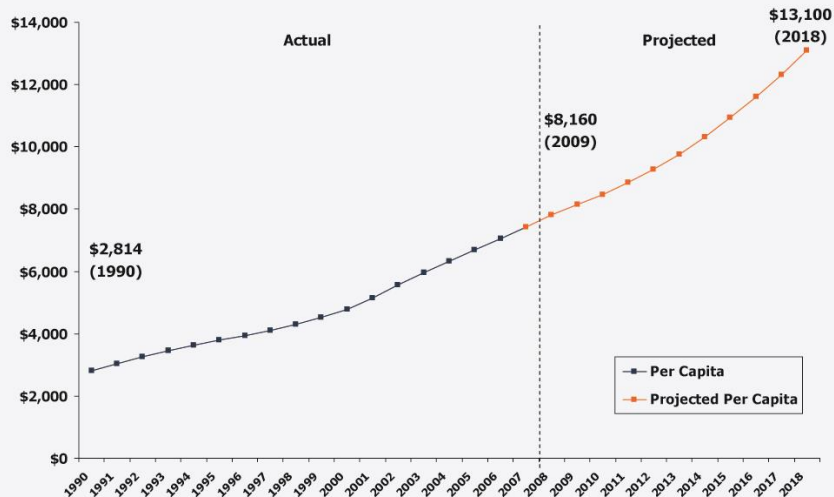
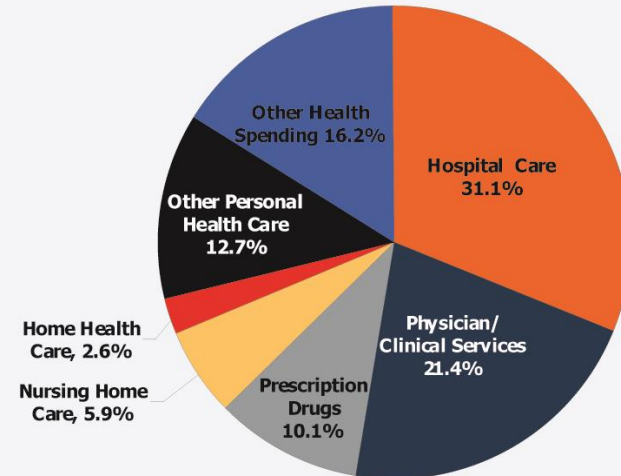


Exhibit 2: Distribution of National Health Expenditures, by Type of Service, 2007



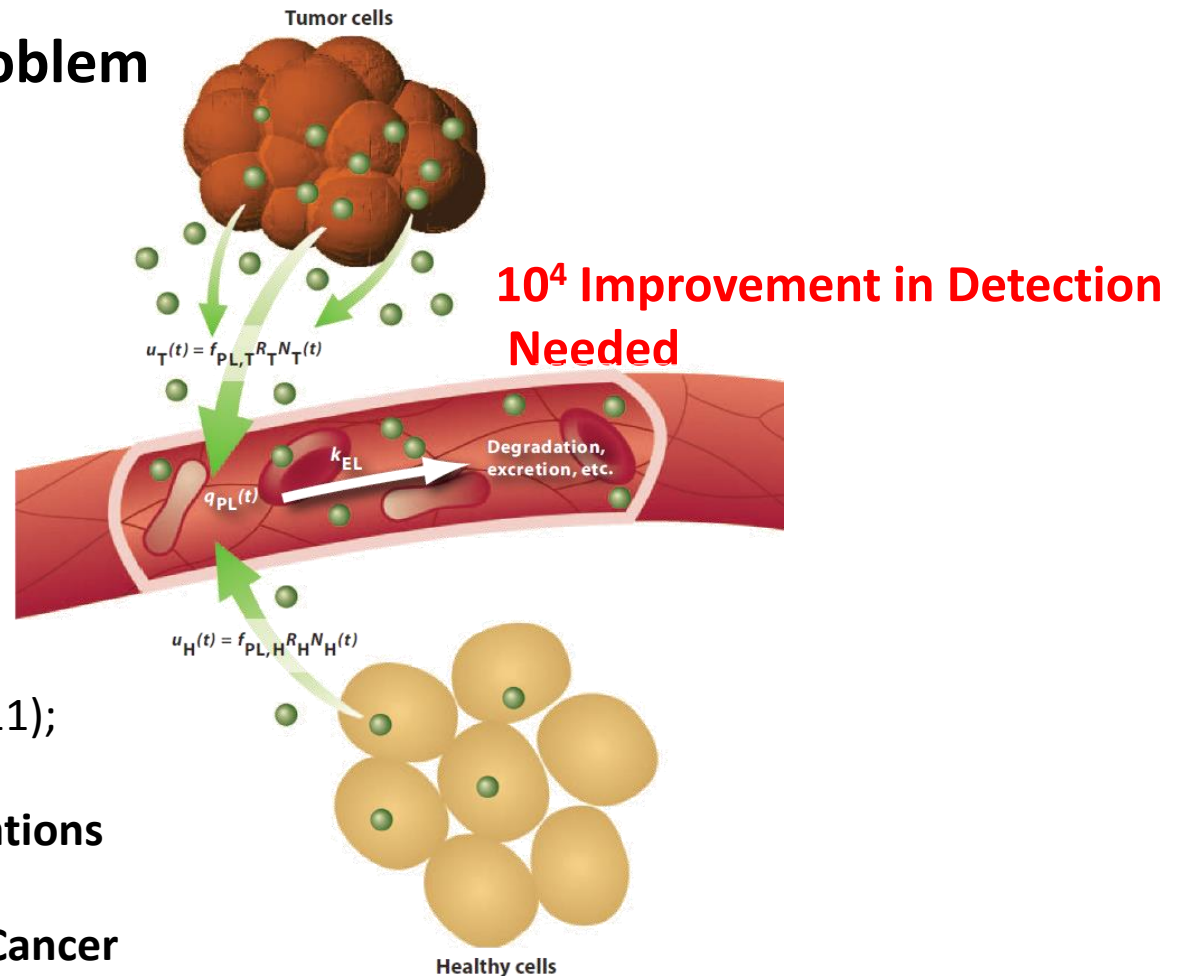
Transition from Post- to Pre-Symptomatic Medicine Requires System to Continuously Monitor Health of Well People

Specifications Required:

- Comprehensive
- Sensitive – Early Detection
- Simple
- Inexpensive
- Specificity – What is Wrong?

Can Not Do Early Detection of Disease

Blood Dilution Problem

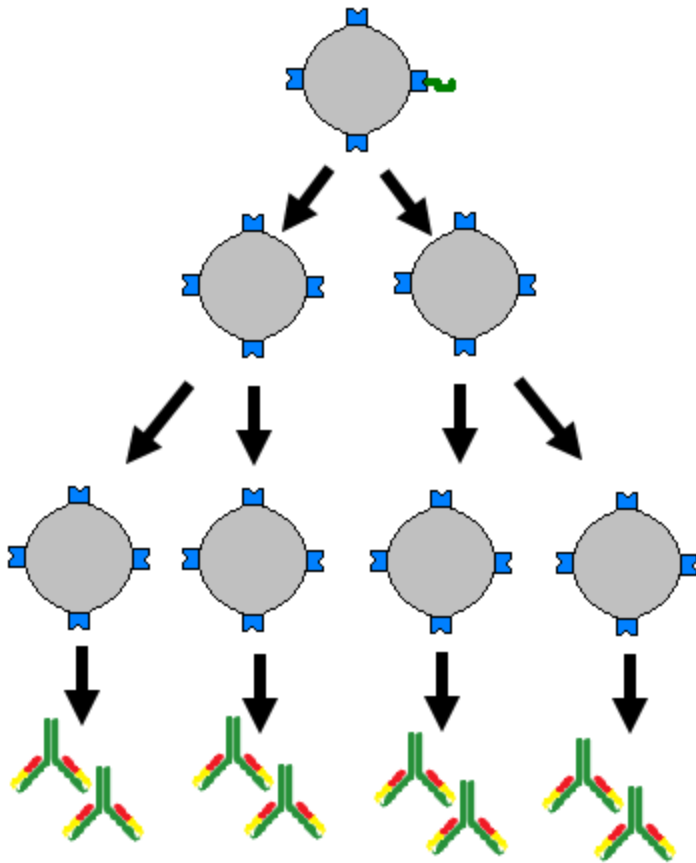


Sci Transl Med **3**, 109ra116 (2011);

Sharon S. Hori, *et al.*

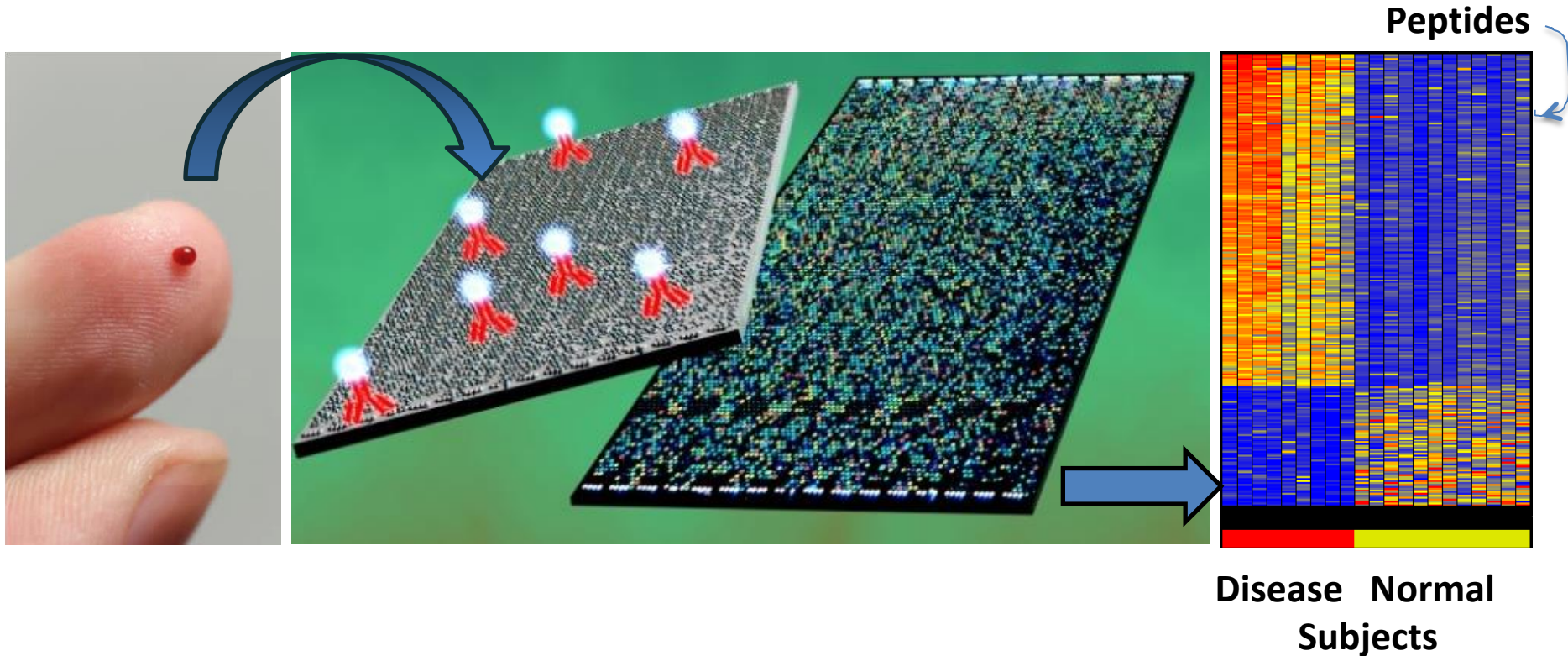
**Detection Strategies and Limitations
Mathematical Model Identifies
Blood Biomarker-Based Early Cancer**

The Immune System Detects and Amplifies Signal



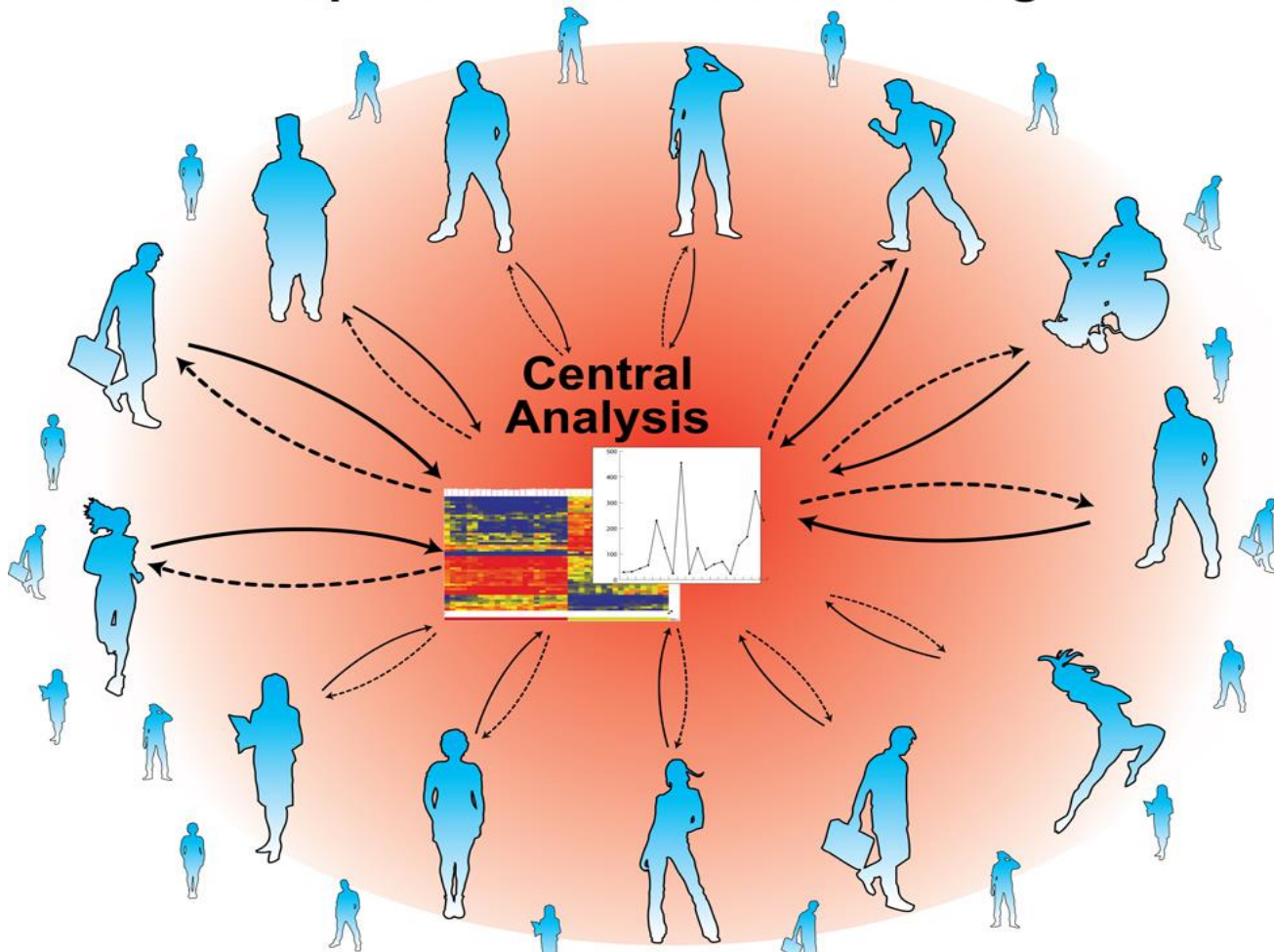
- 10^8 to 10^9 antibodies exist in serum
- A single reactive B cell encounters antigen and is activated
- Produces 5,000 to 20,000 antibodies per minute
- Divides every 70 hours
- Signal is amplified $\sim 10^{11}$ times in one week

Immunosignatures: A universal, simple and cheap platform for disease diagnosis



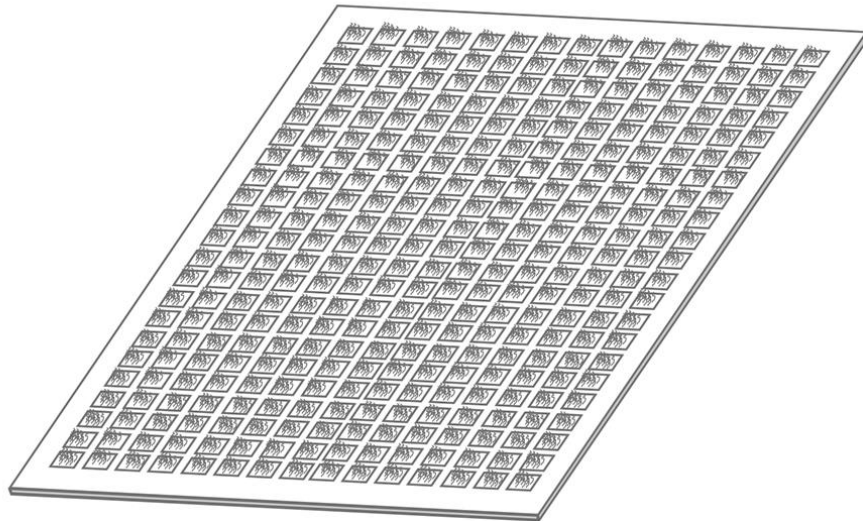
CIM10K: 10,000 non-natural sequence peptides

Population-Based Comprehensive Health Monitoring



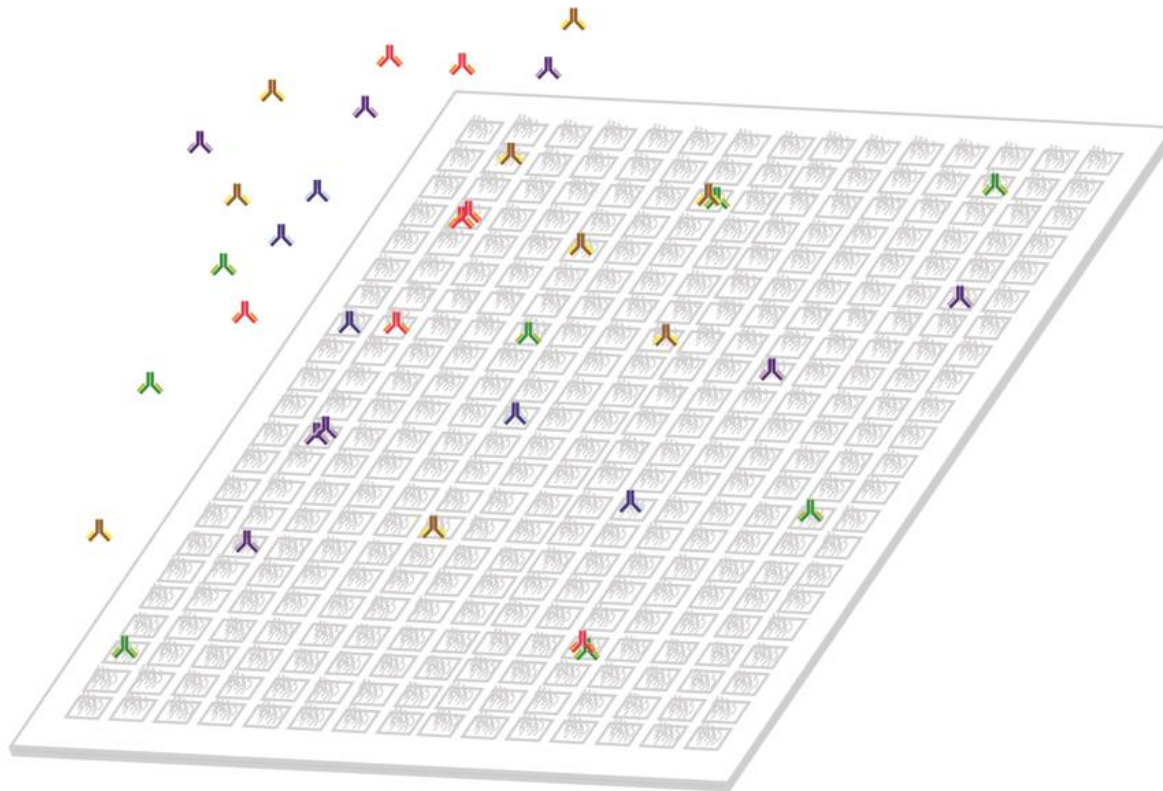
**Toward a World Without
Patients**

Immunosignature Process



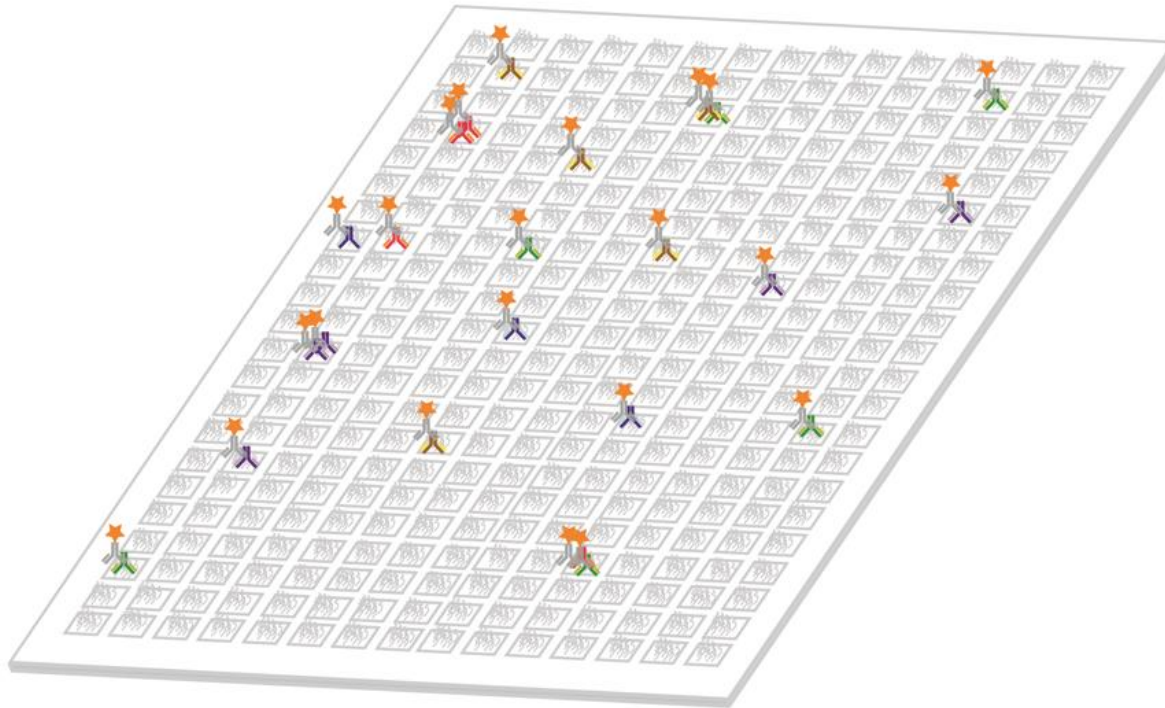
**Array of 10K-350K,
Addressable,
Non-Natural Sequence Space
Peptides**

Immunesignature Process



Add diluted blood

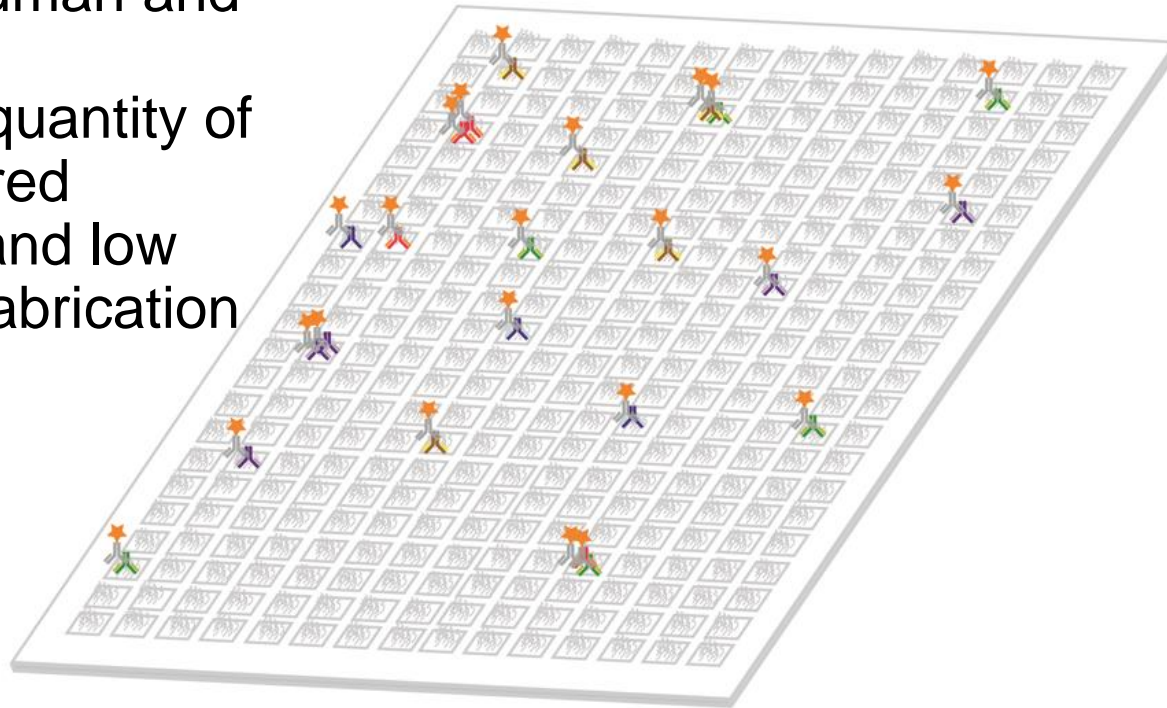
Immunesignature Process



Wash

Immunosignature Process

- One array for all samples, human and nonhuman
- Very small quantity of blood required
- Scalability and low cost array fabrication



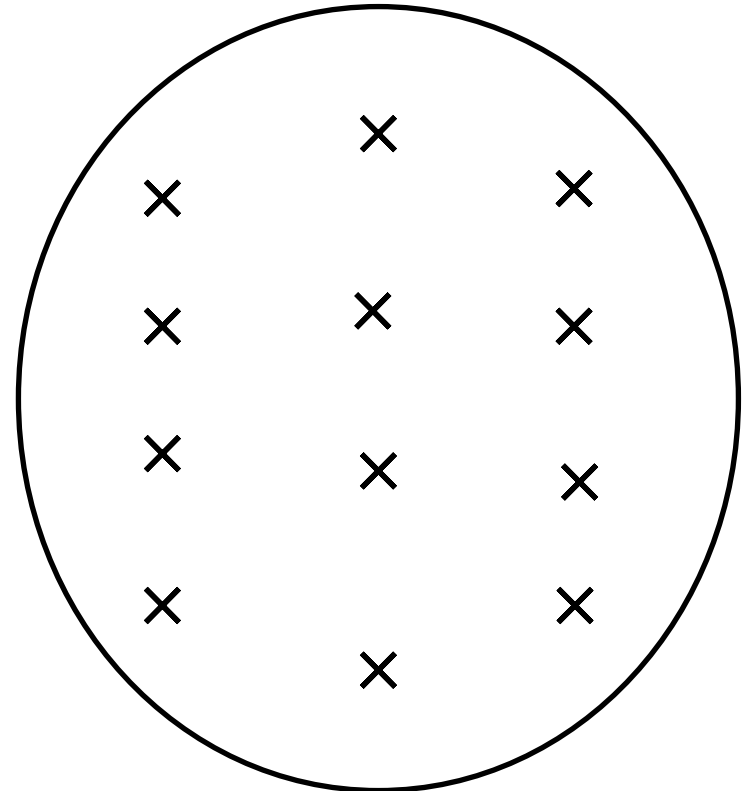
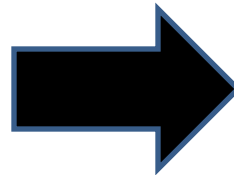
Wash

Problem: How to Display Ab Diversity

Antibody Diversity

10^9

Different Ab/person



10^{19} Peptide Sequence Space
In 3×10^5 peptides

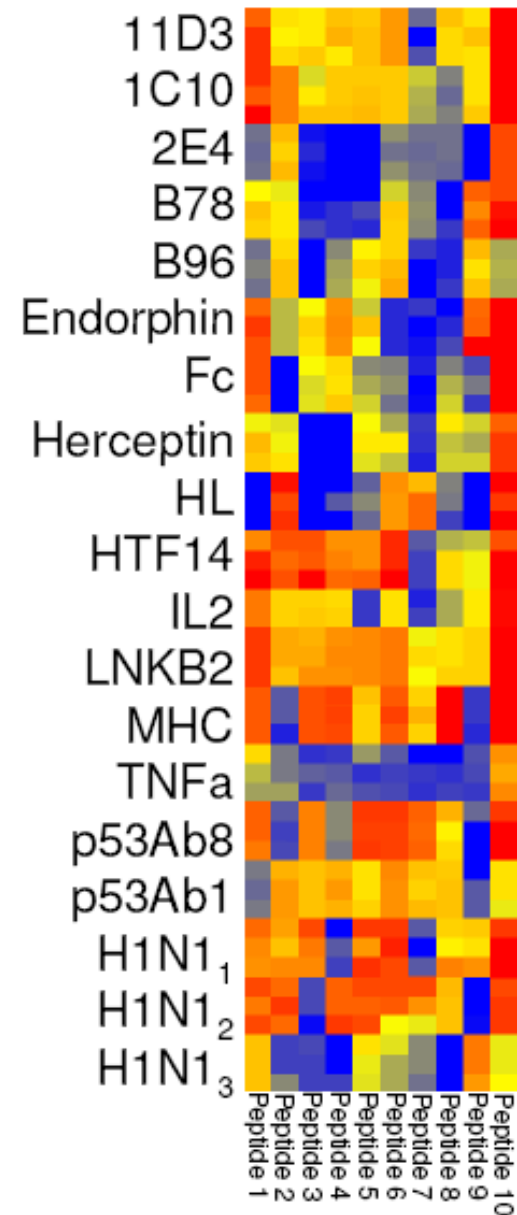
Nature Does Not Always Know Best

- Life occupies an infinitesimally small part of potential sequence space
- Therefore there are many other sequences that could be useful
- Peptides on array are chosen to evenly sample random sequence space ($3.5 \times 10^5 / 10^{21}$ possibilities)

Consequences: Same set of peptides can be used for any diagnosis

Super-fine resolution of antibody diversity

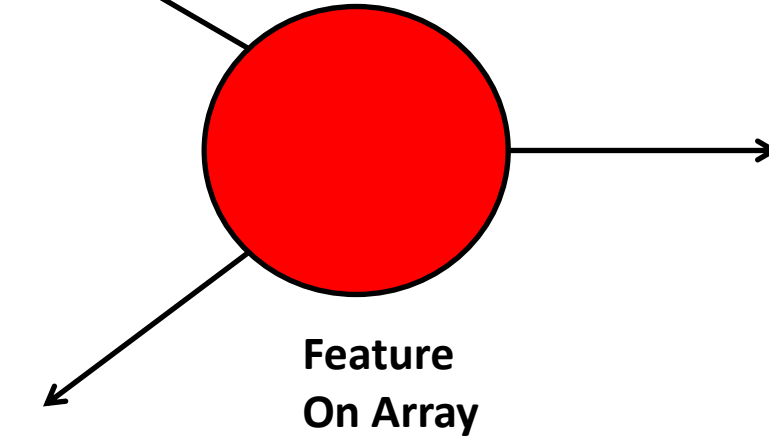
Monoclonal Antibodies Bind Distinct Patterns on the Array



Information from Each Feature

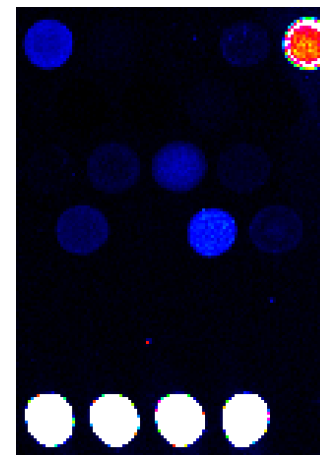
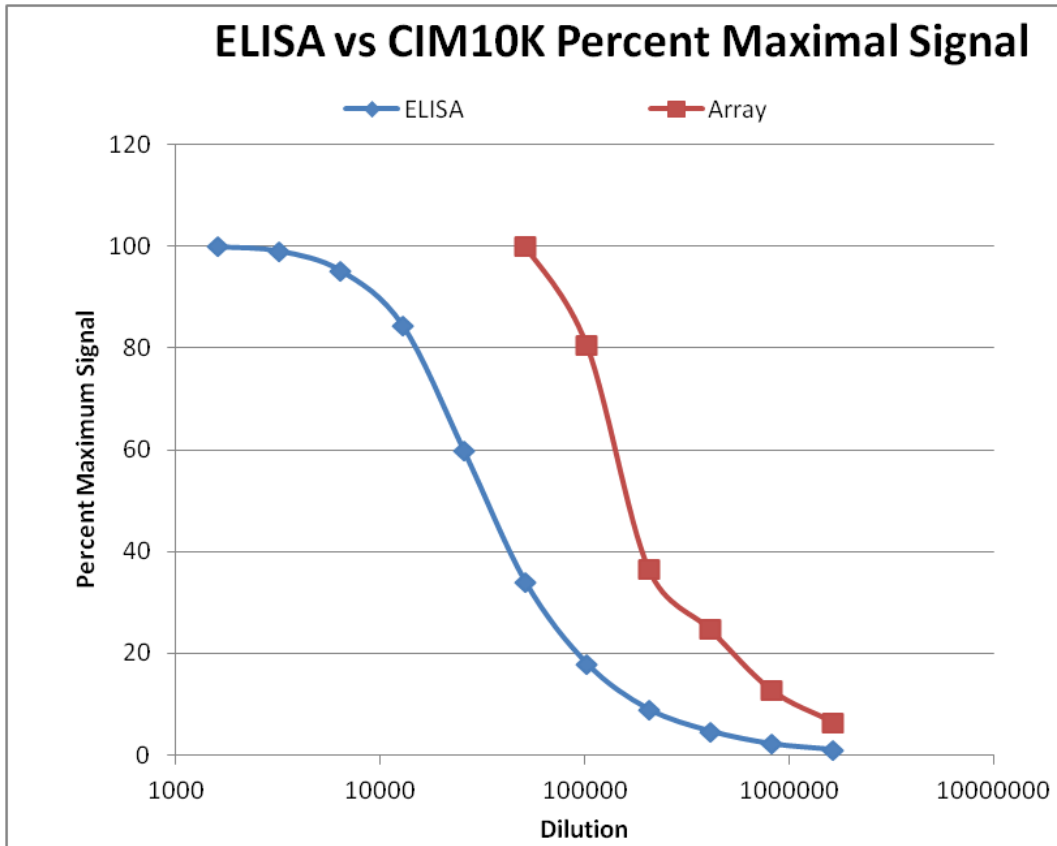
Intensity
(#Ab/spot)

Isotypes
IgG (4)
IgM
IgE
IgA

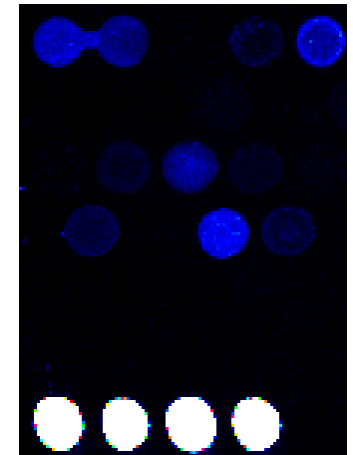


Amino Acid Sequence
(Repeating Motifs)

Peptide Microarray Vs ELISA



Sera
1:1,634,800



Secondary
Alone

Identifying The Immunosignature

10,000 Peptides



$p < 1 \times 10^{-6}$
& Fold Change



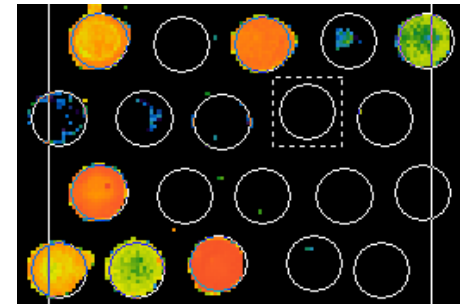
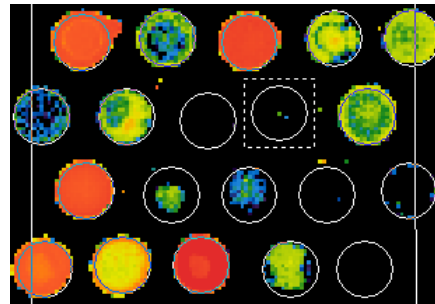
~ 100 informative
peptides



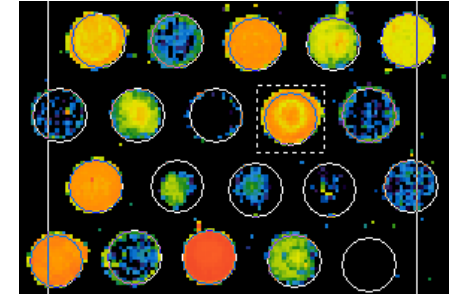
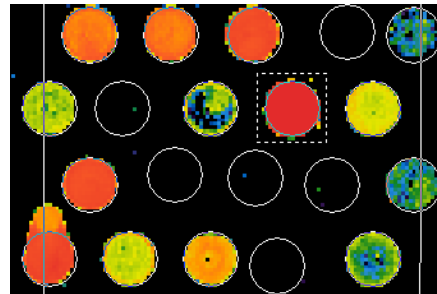
Train a Machine
Learning Algorithm



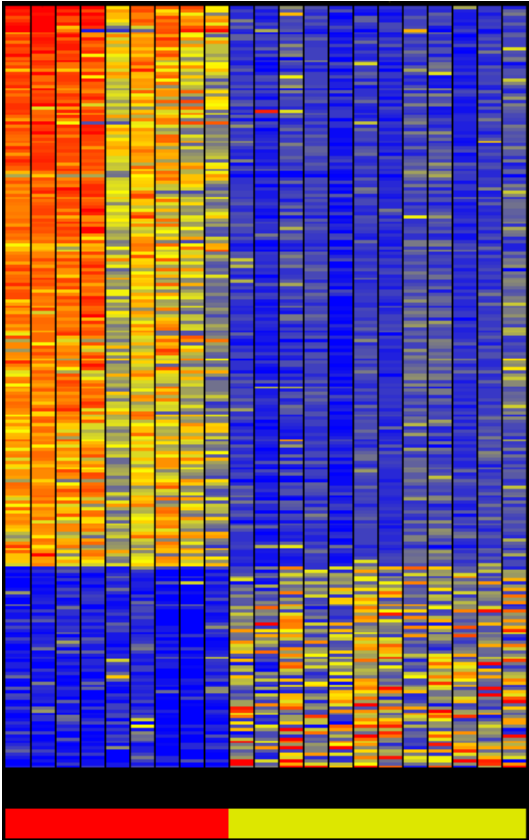
Control



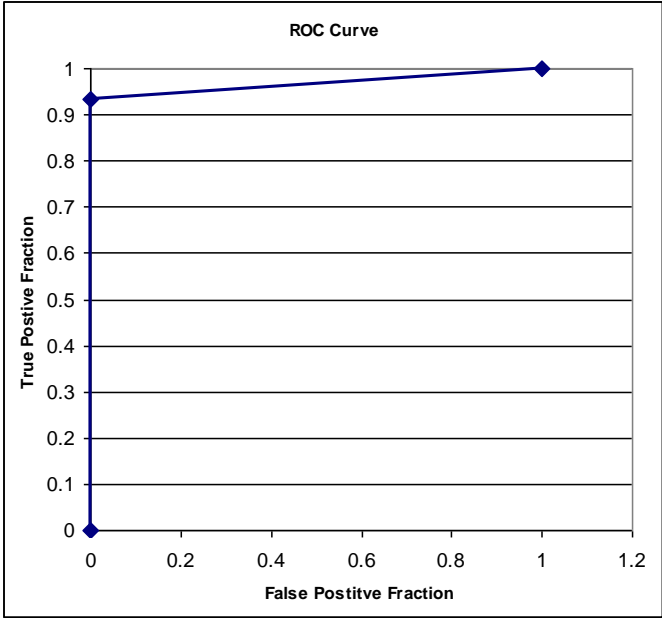
Disease



Performance is Tested on a Second Group



Disease Control



Features of Immunosignatures

Same chip used for all diseases, all species

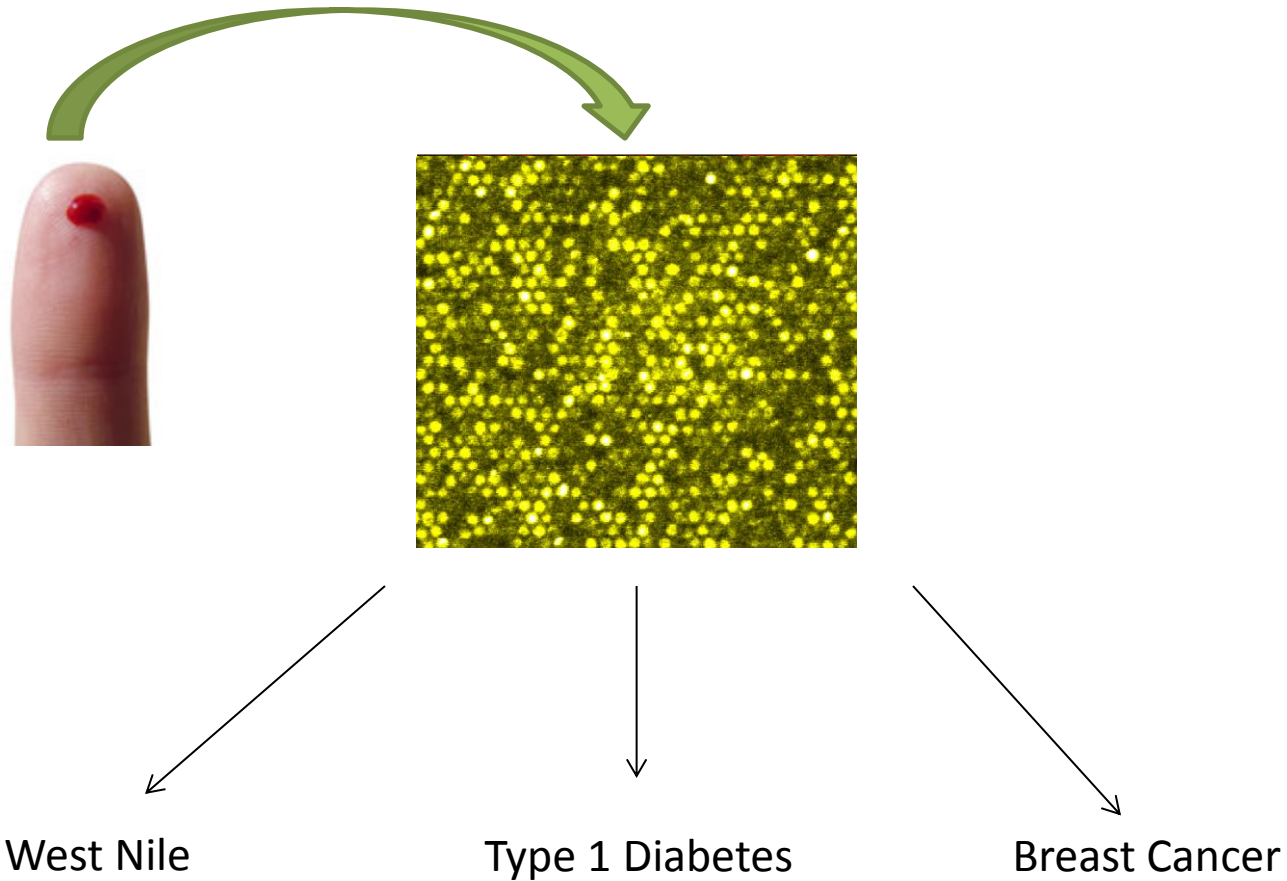
Detects all antibodies: sugars, non-linear, modifications

Historical sera samples work

No sample preparation

10-100x more sensitive than ELISA

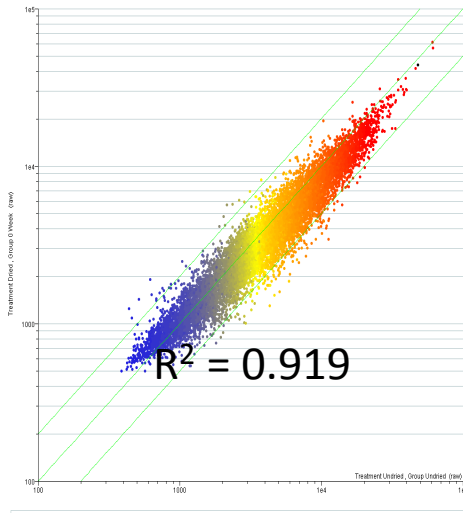
One Chip, Many Tests



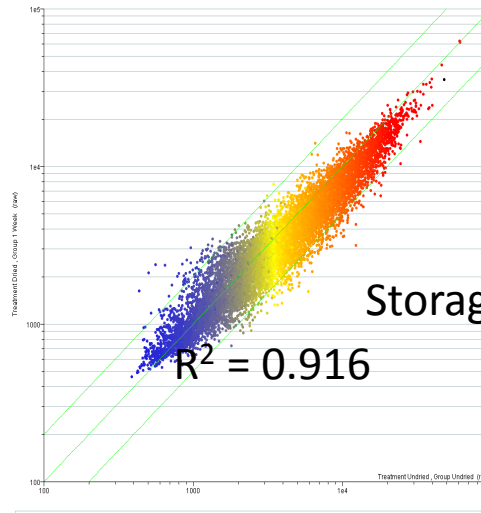
Dry Blood Works as Well as Fresh Blood

Dried vs. Undried Whole Blood Immunosignature Correlations

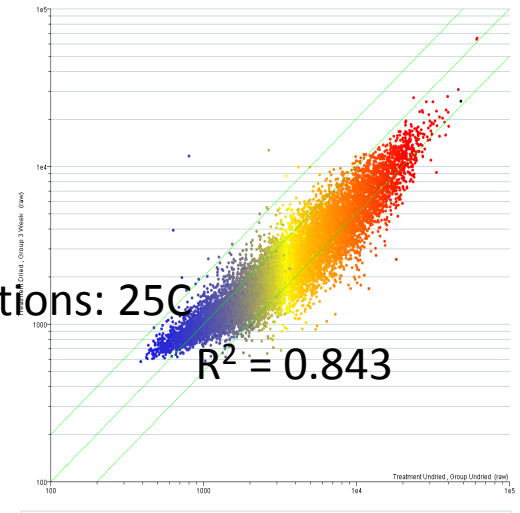
0 Week Dried vs. Undried Whole Blood



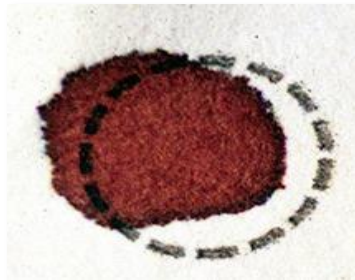
1 Week Dried vs. Undried Whole Blood



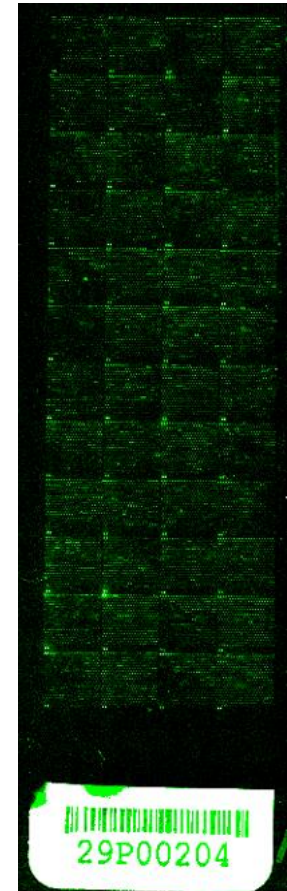
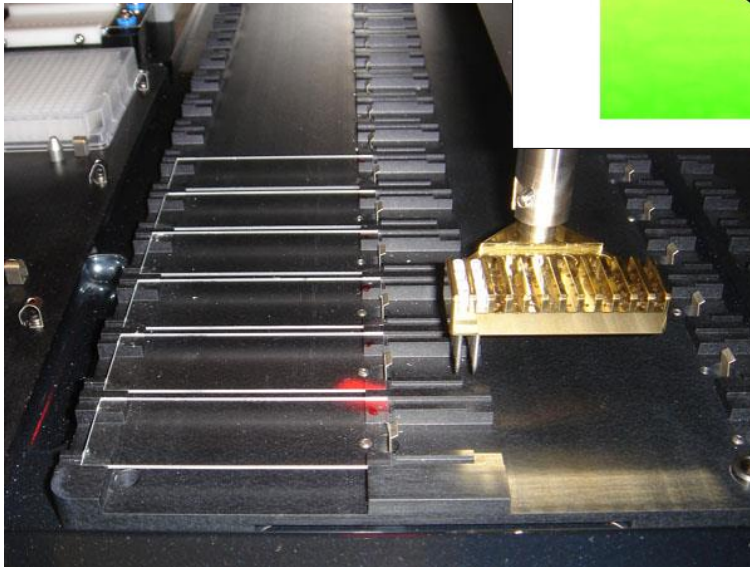
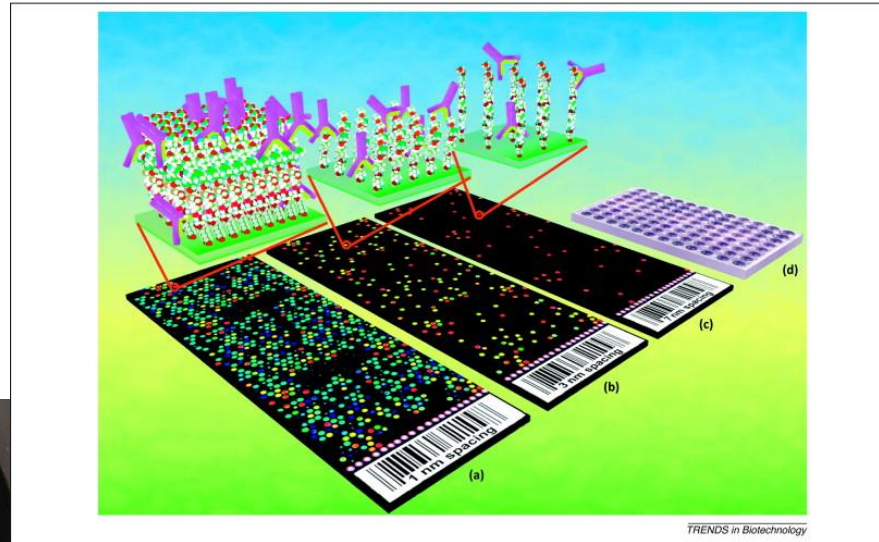
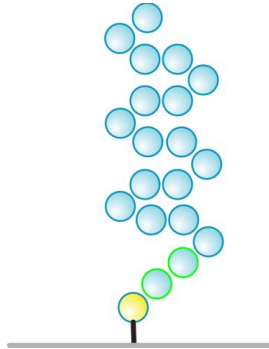
3 Week Dried vs. Undried Whole Blood



Storage conditions: 25C



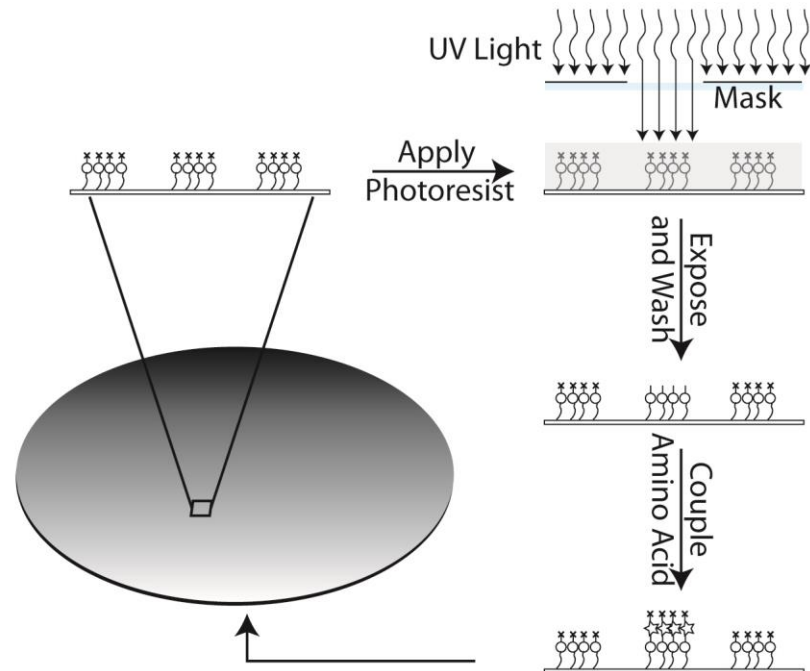
Platform 1: Printed Arrays of 10,000 Peptides

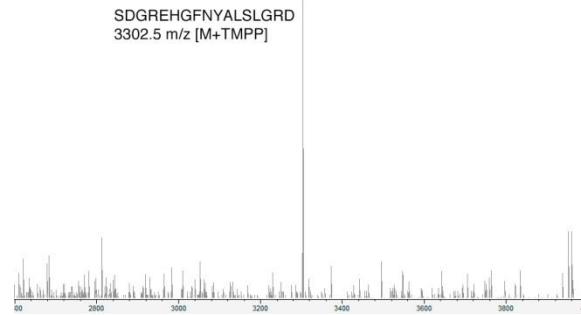
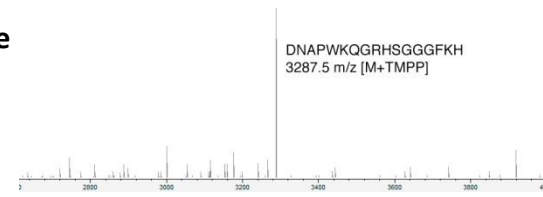
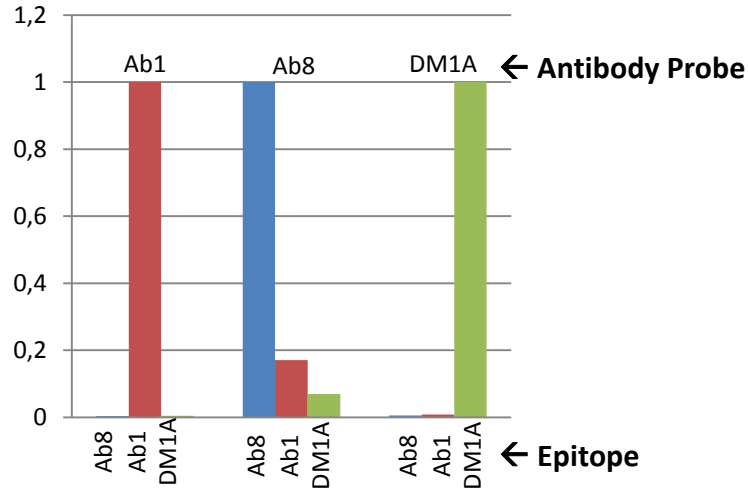


17 amino acids long, random sequence, and all amino acids except C are used.
Two copies of the library are printed on a glass slide (~1200 peptides/cm²).
Mass spectra available for all peptides spotted on the arrays.

Fabrication Approach

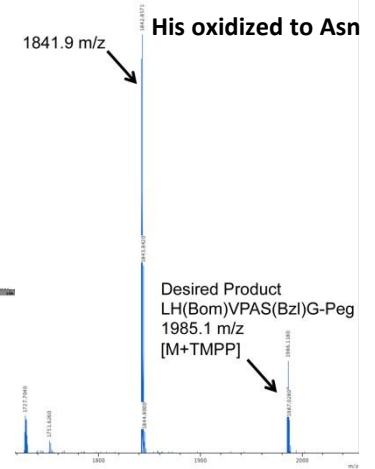
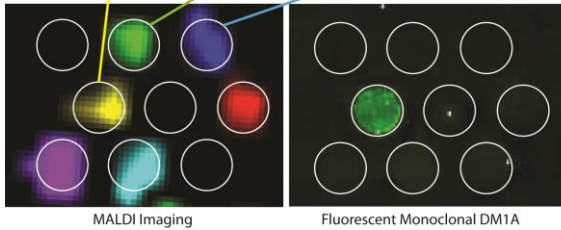
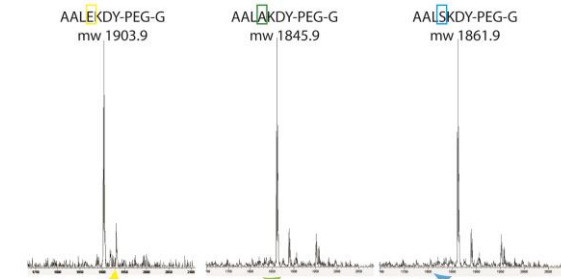
- UV photolithography
- All chemistry performed using coater/developer
- Large number of cycles makes the process challenging





Stepwise Yield Analysis

A	0.998
V	0.999
P	0.999
L	0.992
G	0.991
Y	0.992
F	0.998
S	0.998
N	0.998
Q	0.986
K	0.972
D	0.997
E	0.998
H	0.711



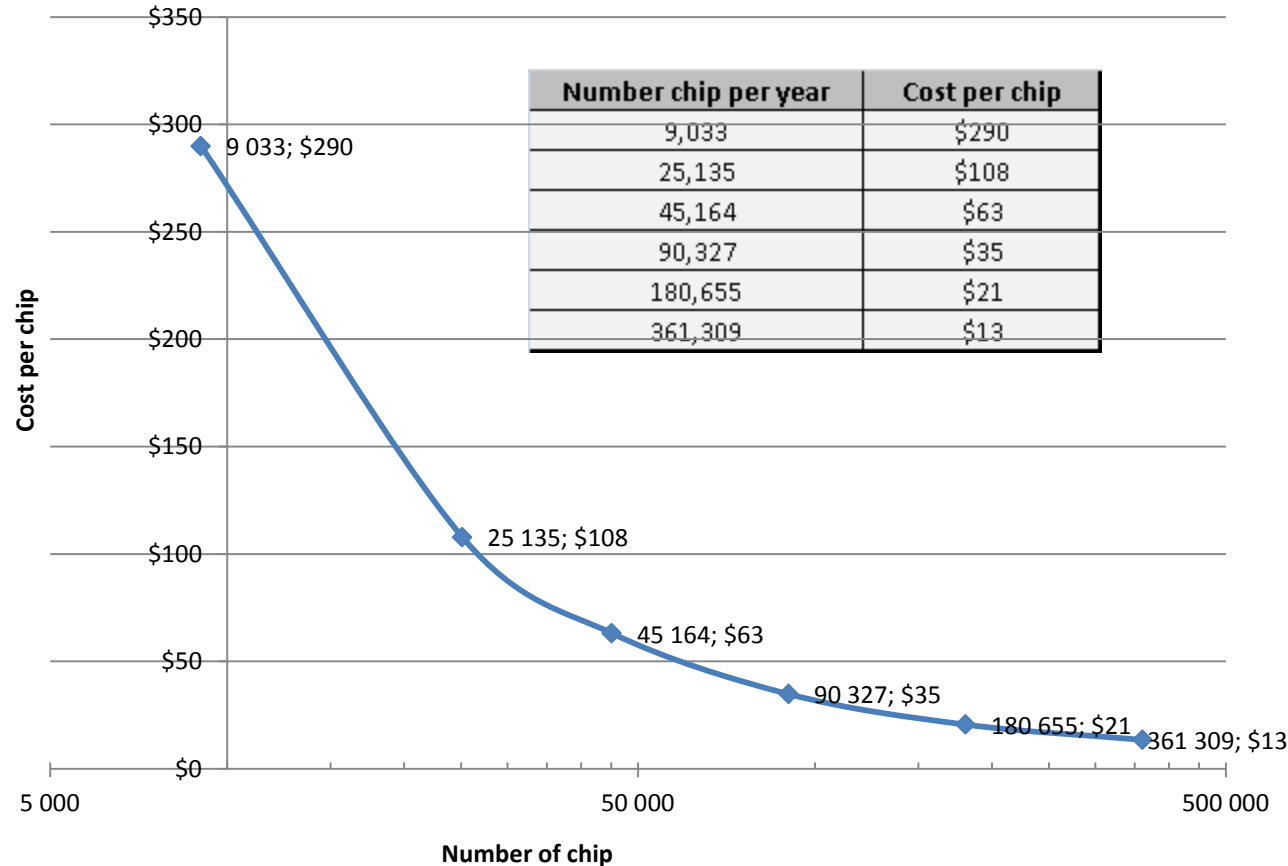
Cost per chip Vs volume

- Cost analysis includes

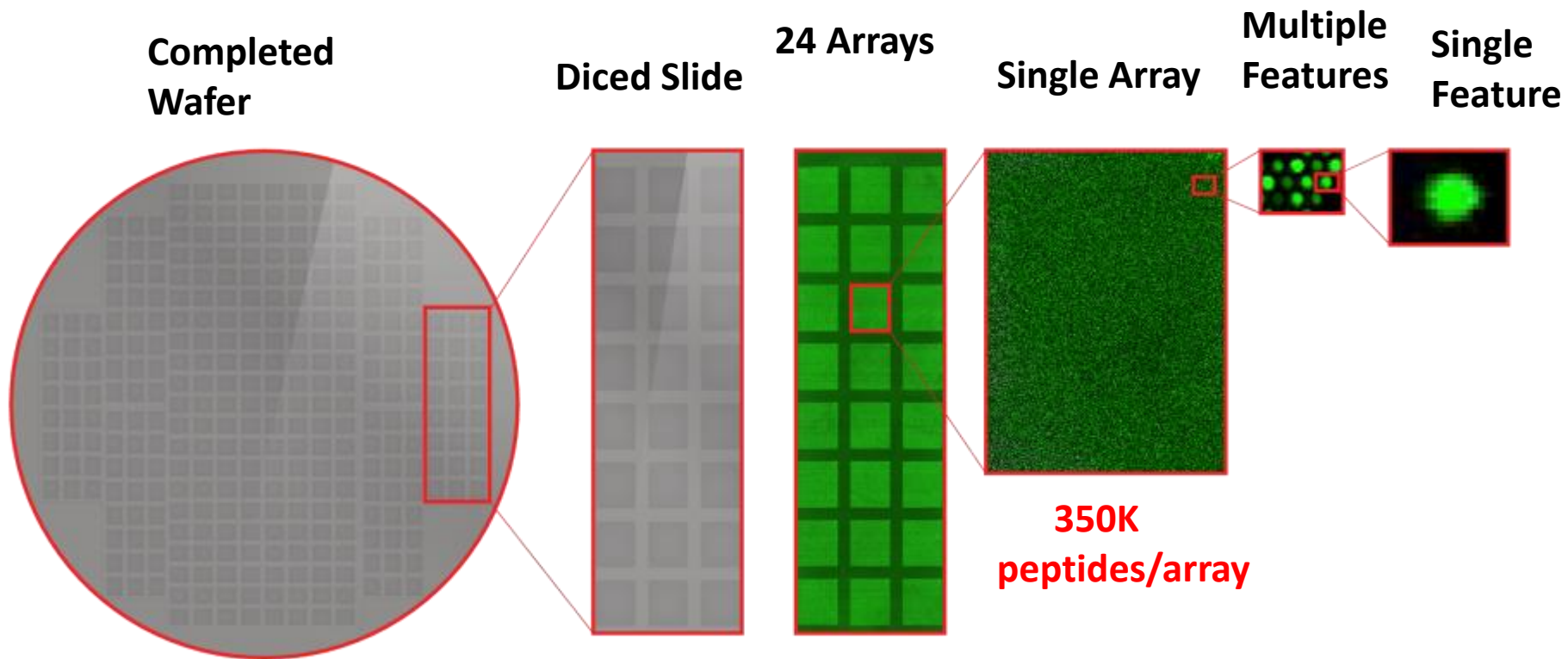
- Labor cost
 - Technicians need to run the tools
- Yield & QA cost
 - Labor + reagents
 - Each batch sample set is analyzed
- Chemical/biochemical reagents
 - Surface prep
 - Litho & resist steps
 - Amino-acid coupling
- Materials
 - Wafer
 - Mask set
- Facility cost
 - Rent, utility, & chemical disposal
- Tool maintenance
- Packaging

Cost per chip

Number chip per year	Cost per chip
9,033	\$290
25,135	\$108
45,164	\$63
90,327	\$35
180,655	\$21
361,309	\$13



Array Production Breakdown: Wafer to Individual Spot



~50-Fold Improvement Over CIM10K Printed Arrays

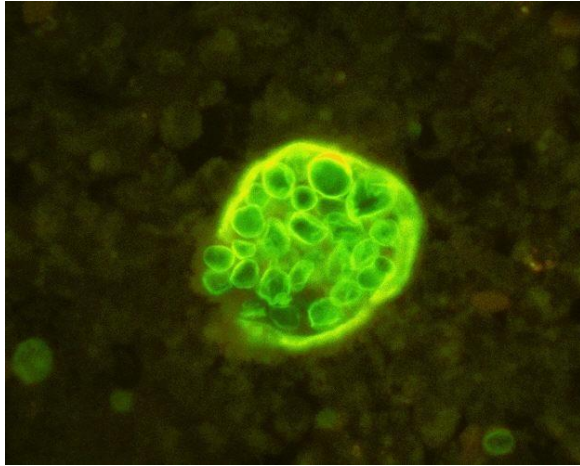


HealthTell™

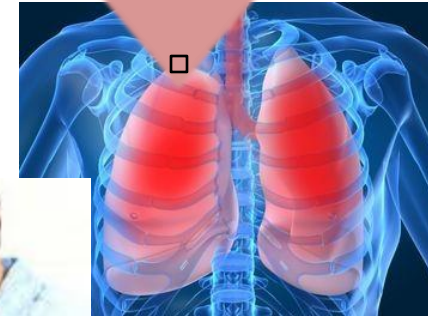
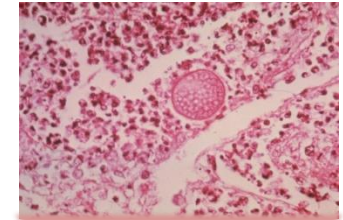
OneTest™

Comprehensive Health Monitoring

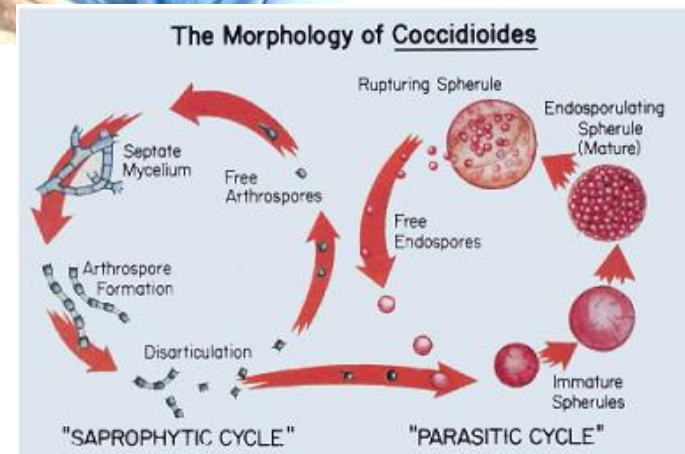
Valley Fever (Coccidiomycosis)



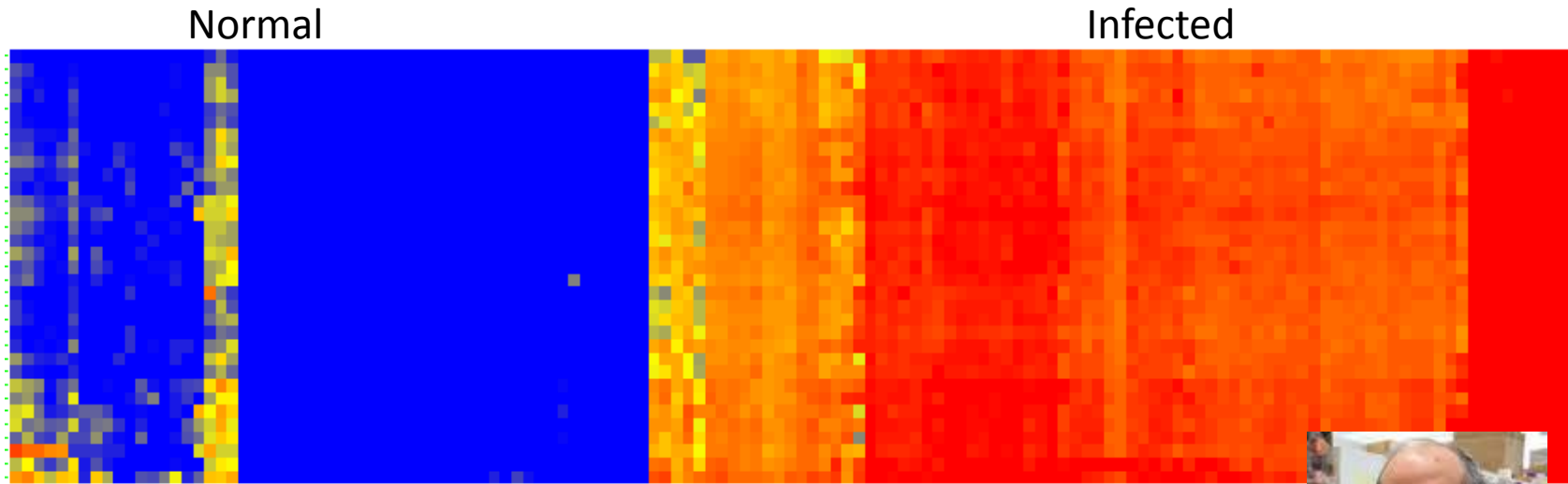
- About 30,000 reported cases annually
- Particularly prevalent the Sonoran desert
- While most cases mild, it can be life threatening
- Flu-like symptoms



Coccidioides immitis spherule with endospores.



Classic Train/Test Example: Valley Fever

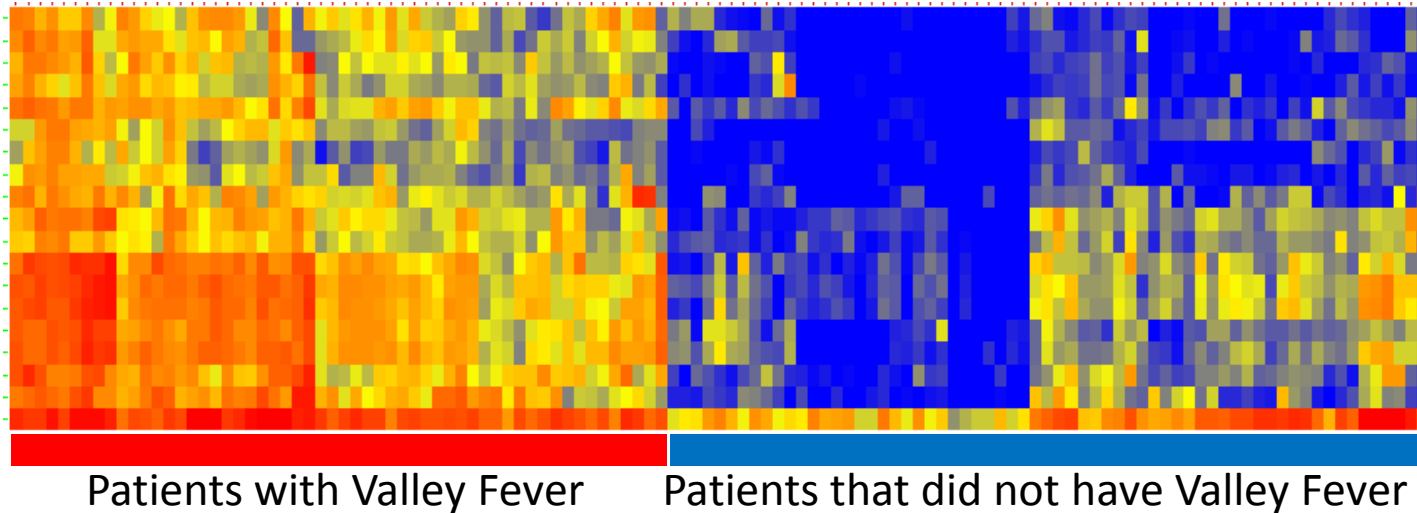


- 10,000 peptides on original array
- 120 patients screened and analyzed
- 100 most informative peptides selected and resynthesized
- Diagnostic array printed



John Galgiani
Univ. of Arizona

Outperforms Existing Diagnostic



- 90 blinded samples from patients presenting at the clinic
- Zero false positives (100% specificity)
- Zero false negatives (100% sensitivity)

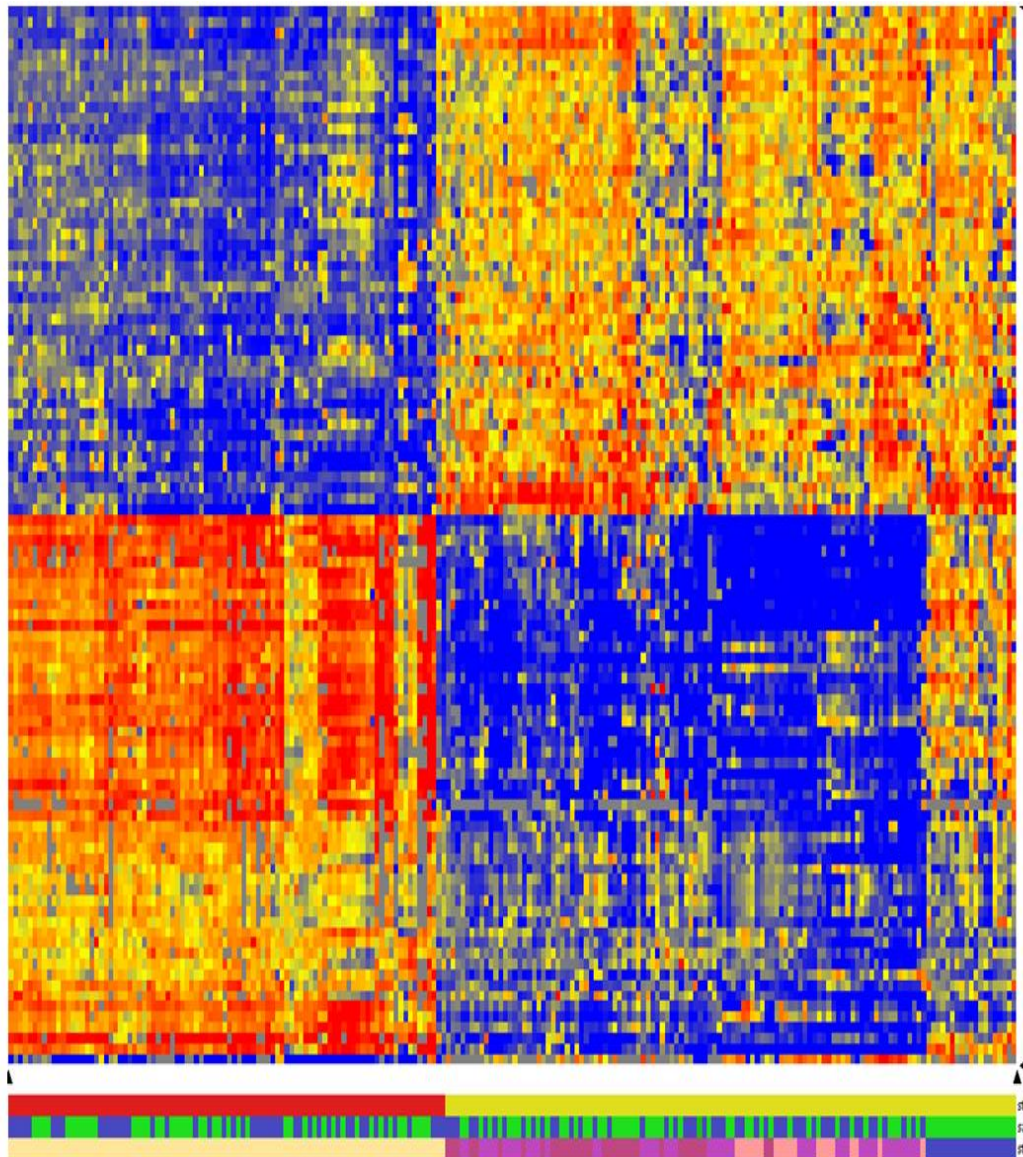
All Patients with Valley Fever Presented with Zero CF Titers, but were later shown to have the disease

Breast Cancer Test/Train using geographically distinct cohorts

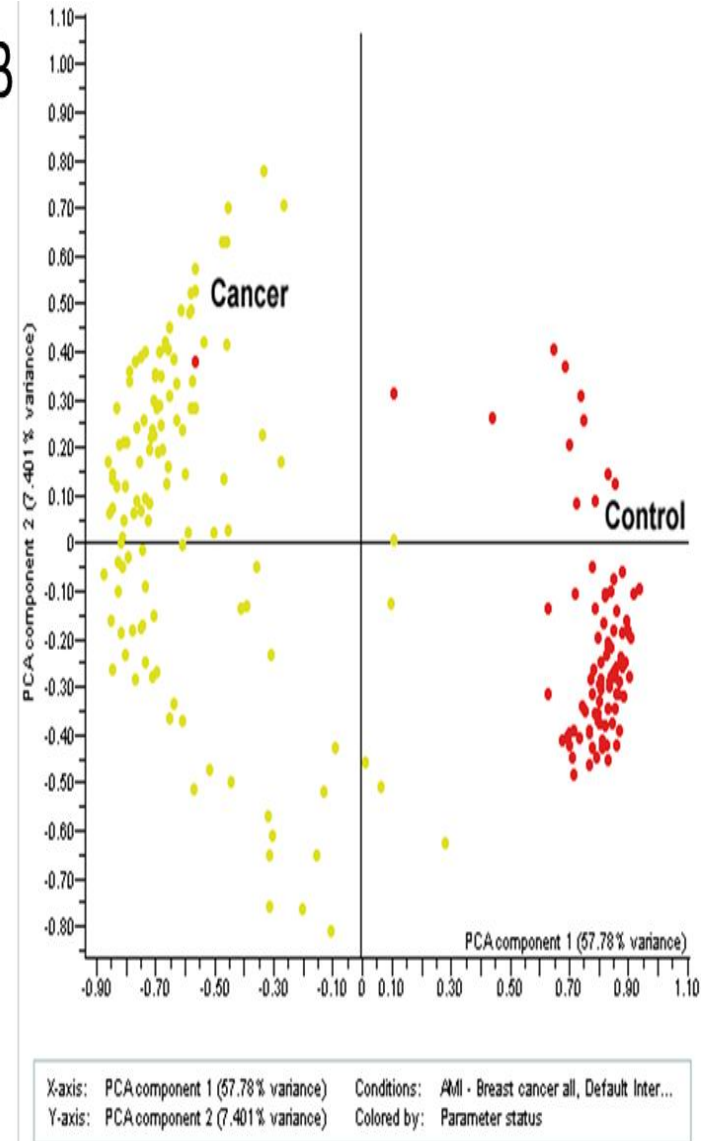
Healthy

Breast Cancer

A

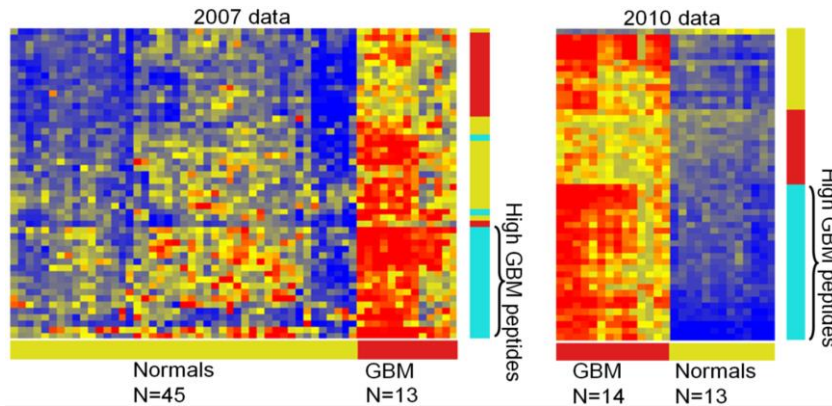


B

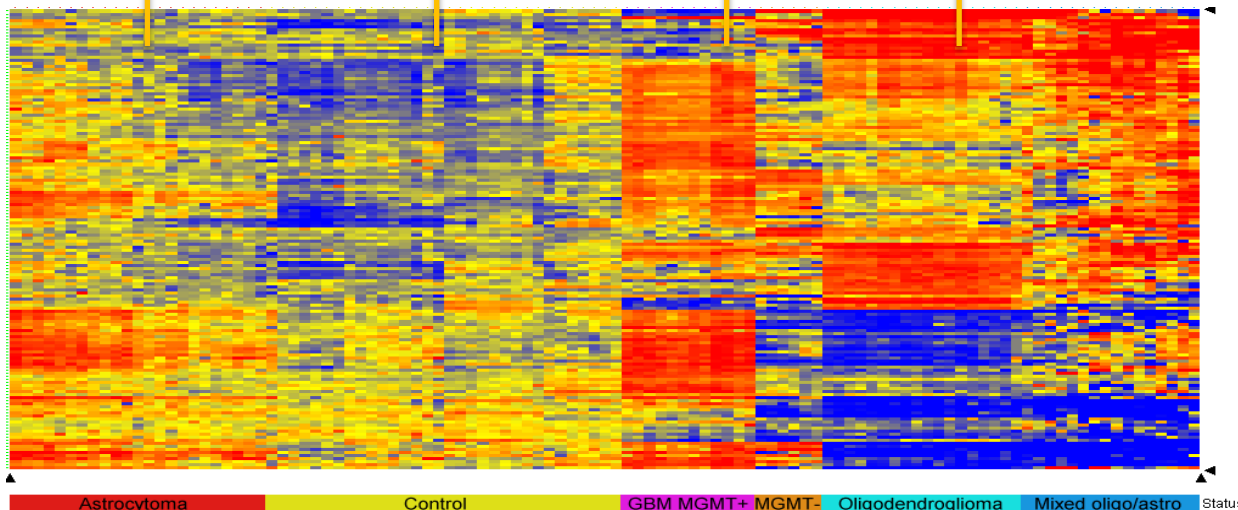
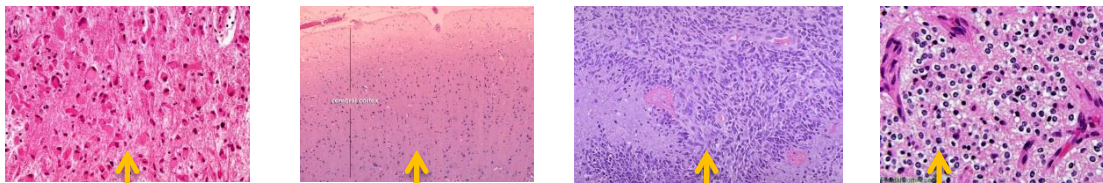


ImmunoSignaturing Brain Tumors

Collaborator: Adrienne C. Scheck, BNI



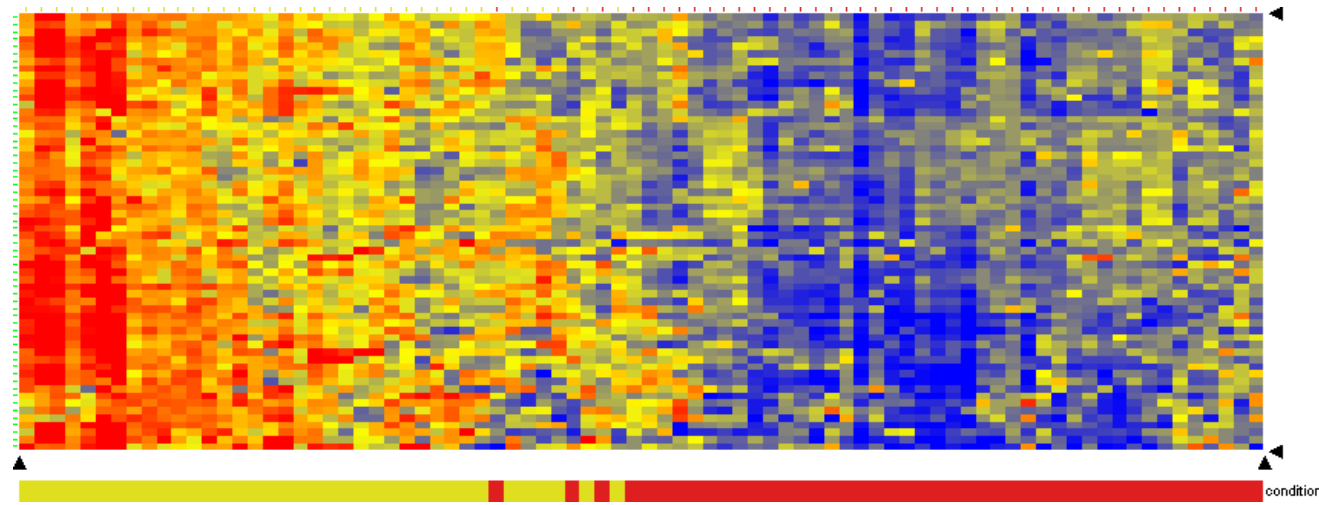
100% accurate detection training and testing on samples taken years apart using printed arrays



Not only can immunoSignaturing detect the brain tumor, it can distinguish accurately between the common types of brain tumors

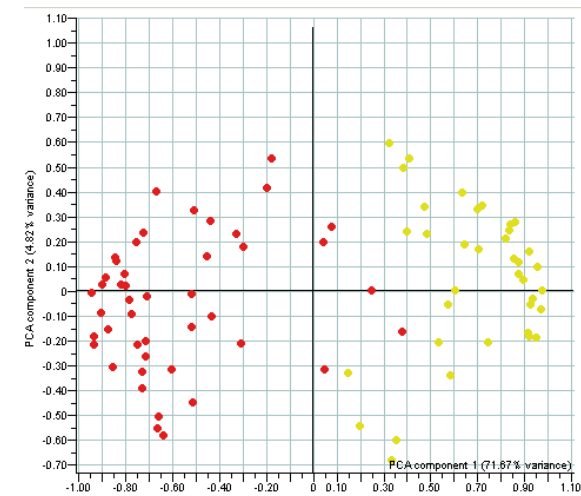
Alzheimer's:

Alzheimer's Disease Neuroimaging Initiative (10K)



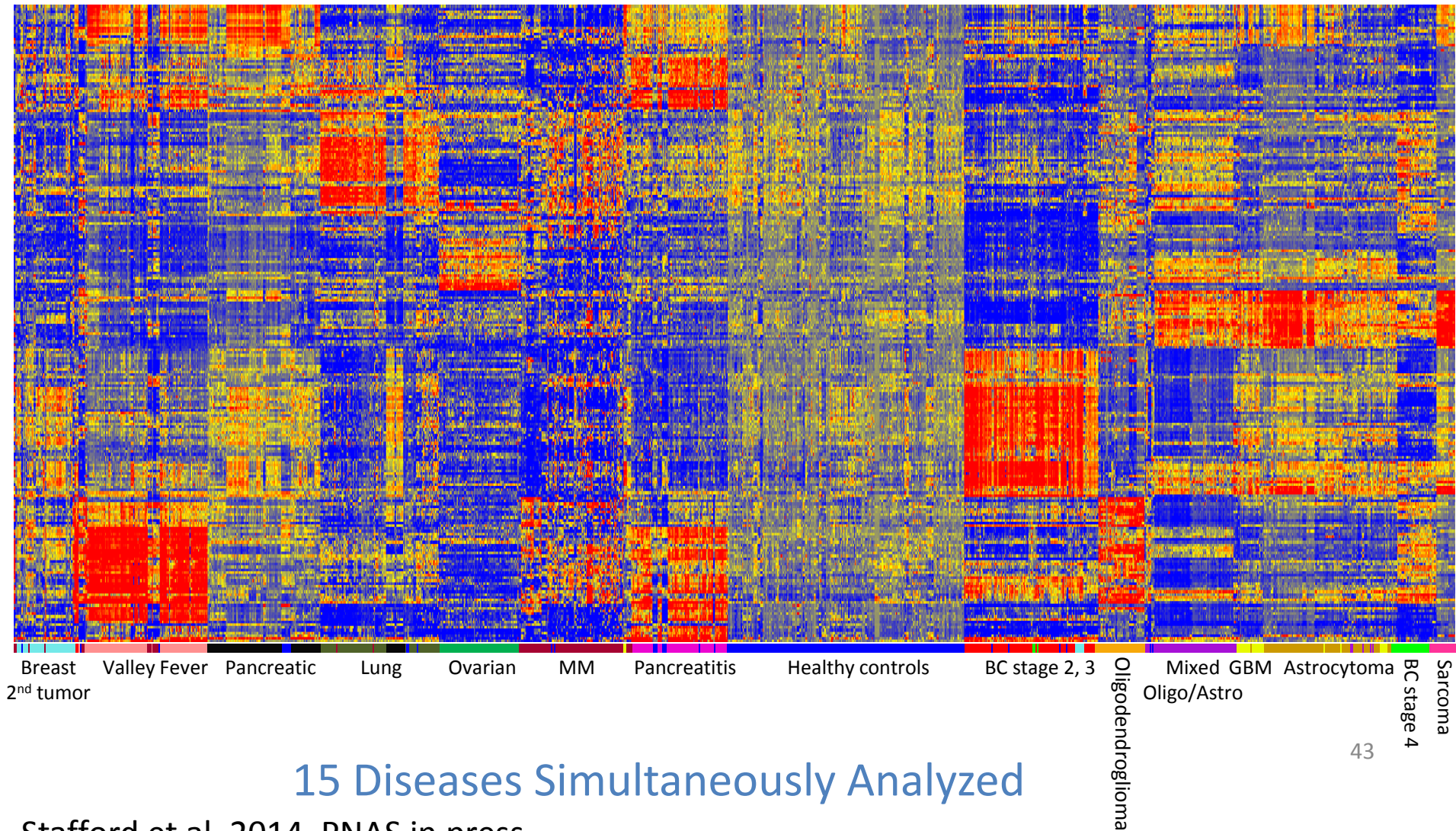
Alzheimer's Disease

Controls



Disease: ADNI collection of serum samples from Alzheimer's Disease (AD) and non-AD controls
 Feature selection: 1 sided T-test, 50 peptides were selected
 Classification: 4 samples were called normal when they were Alzheimer's (FN)
 Sensitivity=89%, NPV=92%, Accuracy=95%, specificity and PPV=100%
 Interpretation: AD signature blends gradually into controls with no clearly defined threshold

Towards Comprehensive Testing



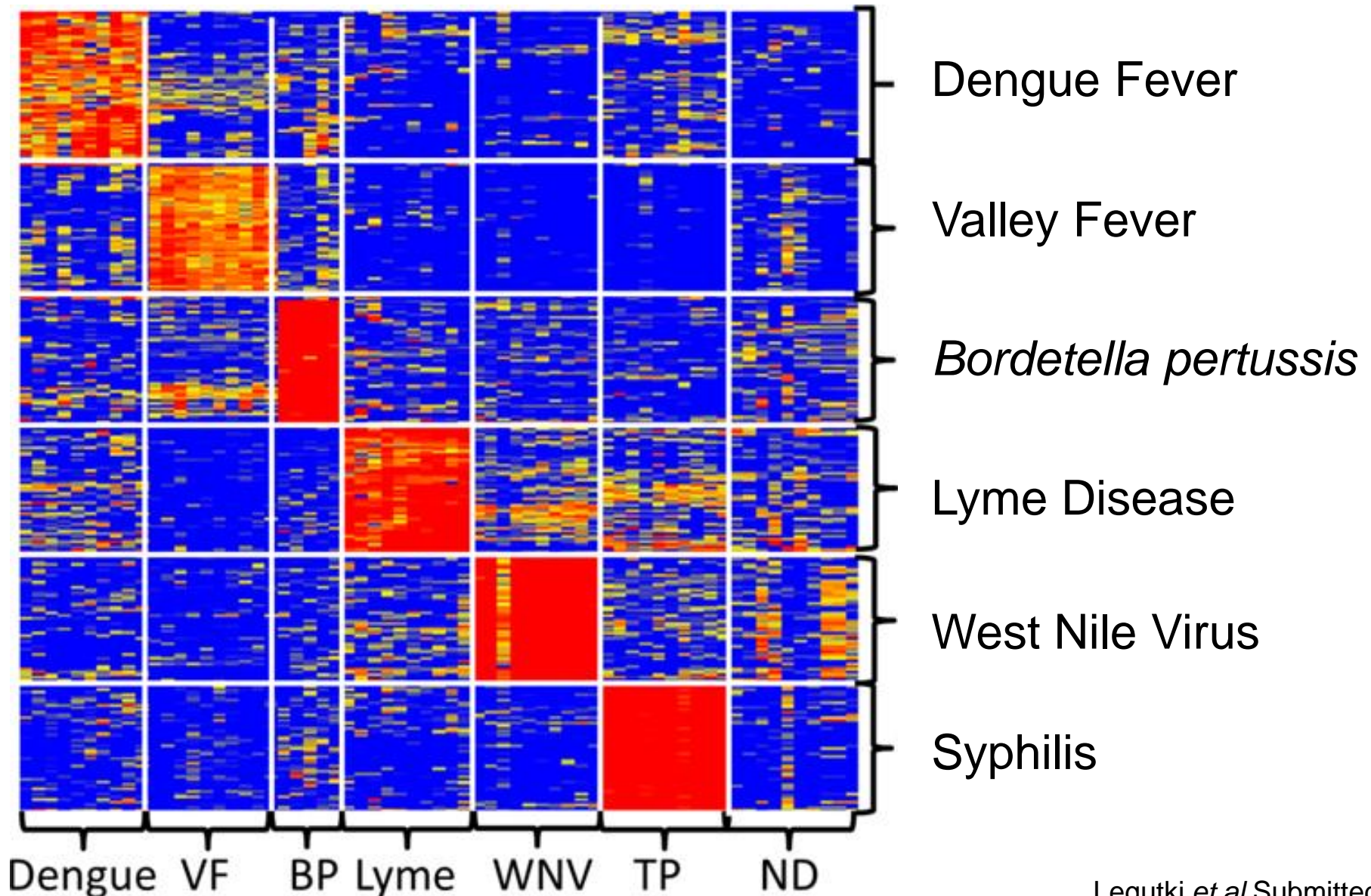
15 Diseases Simultaneously Analyzed

Stafford et al. 2014, PNAS in press

Cross Validation, 15 Diseases

disease	accuracy	Sensitivity	Specificity	PPV	NPV
2ndBC	97.8±0.14	69.1±2.82	99.21±0.1	81.05±3.46	98.48±0.11
Astro	96.93±0.17	90.1±1.3	97.82±0.17	83.79±1.11	98.73±0.18
BC	99.51±0.05	99.71±0.2	99.49±0.08	95.45±0.68	99.97±0.02
BCIVa	99.62±0.06	89.85±1.49	100±0	100±0	99.6±0.06
GBM	99.18±0.1	94.33±2	99.25±0.09	62.1±4.24	99.92±0.03
Lung	99.02±0.12	92.37±0.58	99.59±0.09	94.79±1.27	99.35±0.05
MM	98.72±0.11	100±0	98.62±0.12	85.13±1.13	100±0
ND	96.62±0.17	85.45±0.77	99.31±0.1	96.66±0.47	96.6±0.23
Oligo	99.65±0.07	92.57±1.95	99.86±0.03	95.21±1.19	99.78±0.06
OligoAstro	98.94±0.15	98.45±0.82	98.95±0.12	86.41±1.78	99.91±0.04
Ovarian	99.92±0.03	100±0	99.91±0.03	98.67±0.47	100±0
Pancreatitis	99.67±0.05	95.42±1	99.91±0.03	98.5±0.54	99.74±0.05
PC	97.69±0.11	86.61±1.39	98.79±0.08	87.22±1.19	98.67±0.12
Sarcoma	98.81±0.11	54.15±5.48	99.67±0.07	71.55±5.65	99.12±0.12
VF	99.67±0.08	100±0	99.64±0.09	96.87±0.74	100±0
total	98.77±0.04	89.87±1.32	99.33±0.08	88.89±1.59	99.33±0.07

Simultaneous Distinction of 6 Infection and Normal Sera



10k vs 330K comparison

CIM10K KNN Classification Results using the 160 peptides

Sample	Correctly Identified	Incorrectly Identified
DTRA 1	40	0
DTRA 2	32	0
DTRA 3	40	0
DTRA 4	49	0
DTRA 5	42	1
DTRA 6	41	0
DTRA 7	33	0
DTRA 8	46	0
Local Normal	59	0
Total	382	1

HT330K KNN Classification Results using the 160 peptides

Sample	Correctly Identified	Incorrectly Identified
DTRA 1	12	0
DTRA 2	12	0
DTRA 3	12	0
DTRA 4	11	0
DTRA 5	31	0
DTRA 6	26	0
DTRA 7	27	0
DTRA 8	27	0
Local Normal	6	0
Total	164	0

Minimal P-Value

2.7×10^{-13}

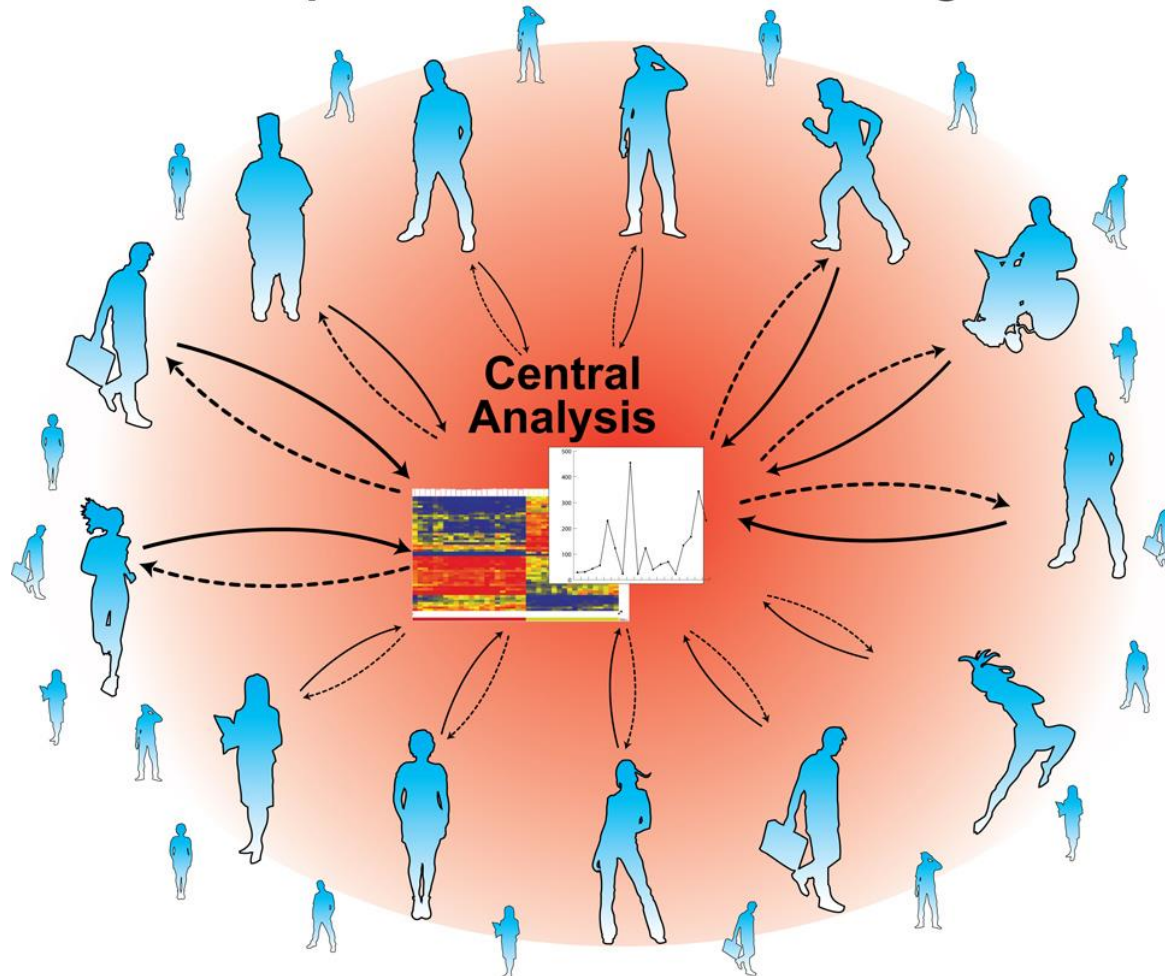
6.2×10^{-38}

Transition from Post- to Pre-Symptomatic Medicine Requires System to Continuously Monitor Health of Well People

Specifications:

- Comprehensive
- Sensitive – Early Detection
- Simple
- Inexpensive
- Specificity – What is Wrong?

Population-Based Comprehensive Health Monitoring

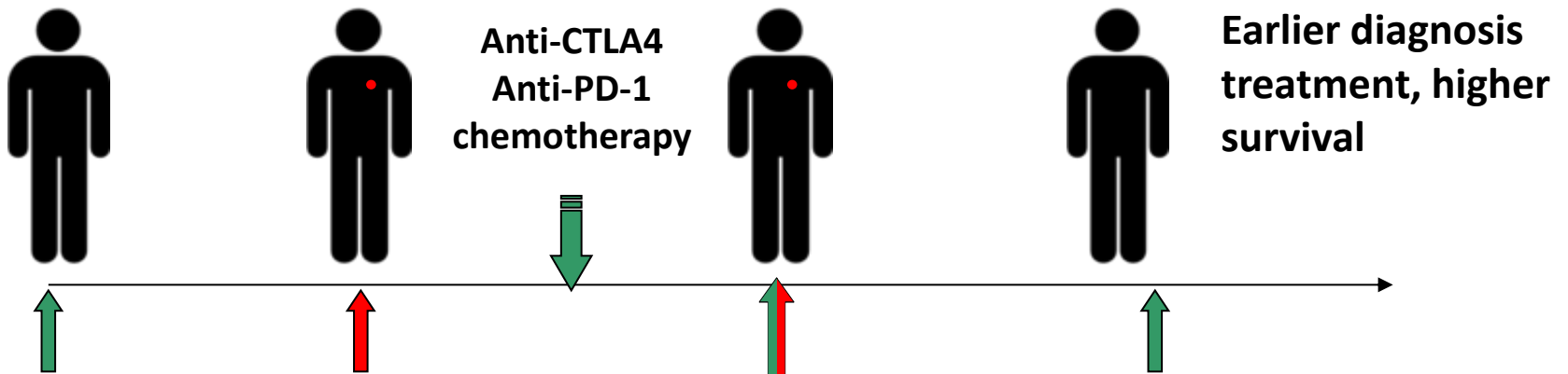


Direct Mail-in of Samples

Vision: Eradicating Cancer by Immunosignature Monitoring of Health



detected by image or symptoms
start the treatment



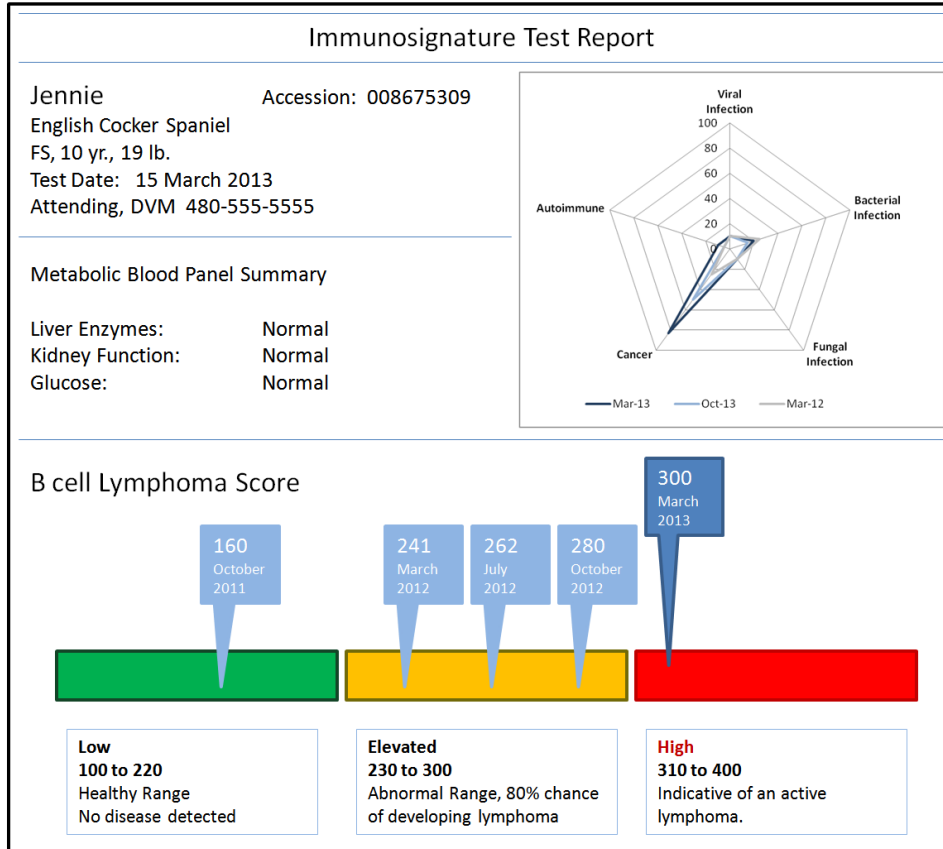
detected by IMS
start the treatment

closely monitor by IMS
evaluate the treatment

Cancer is
eradicated

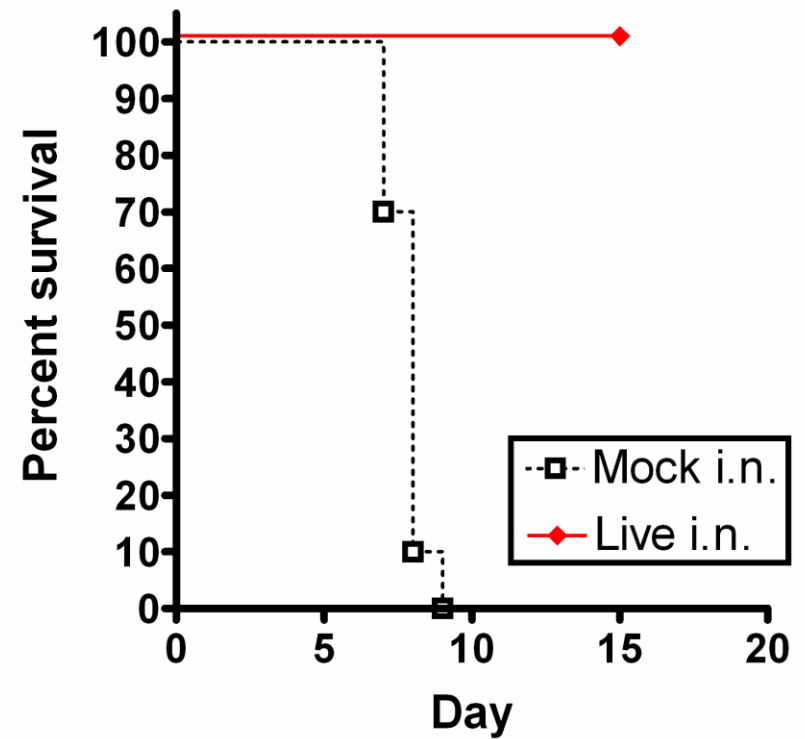
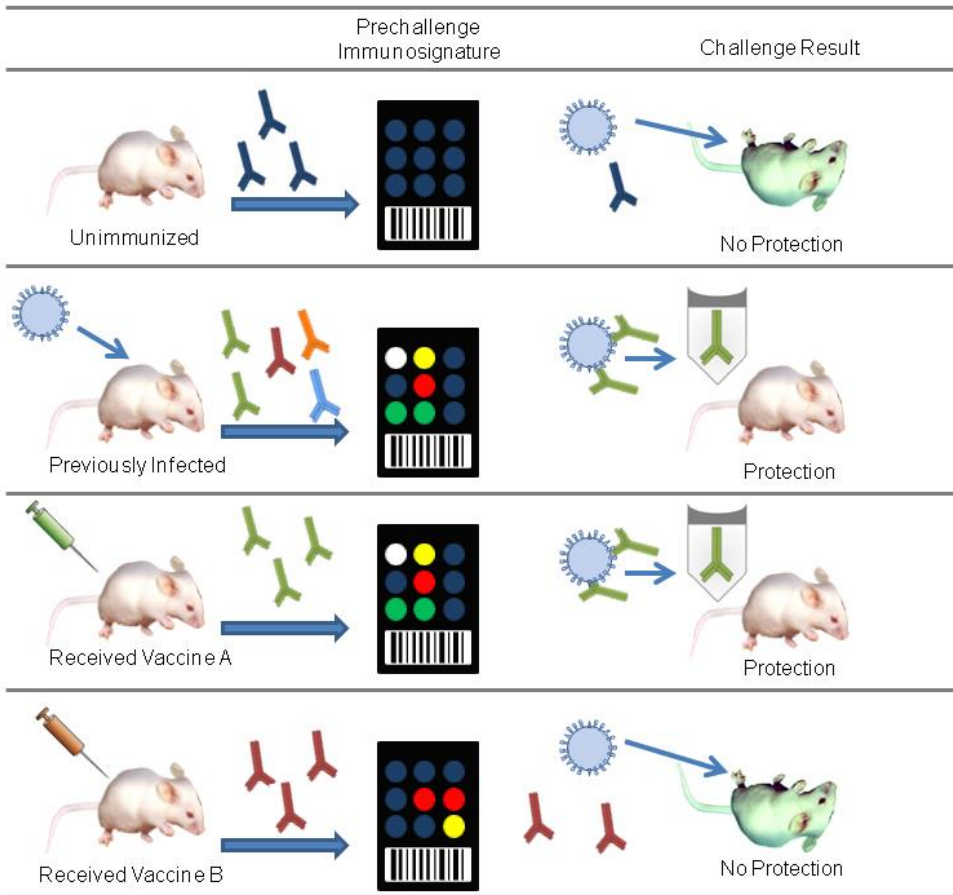
Calviri, LLC

Goal: Complete Annual Wellness Test for Dogs

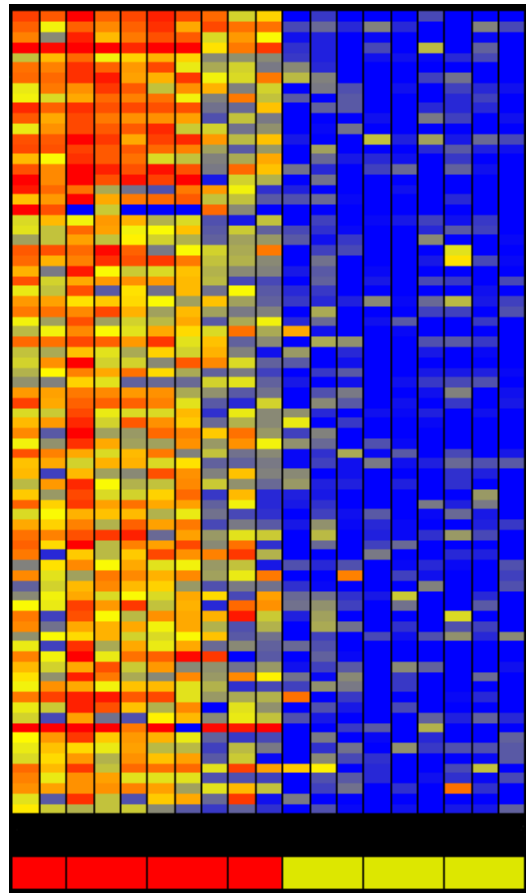


- A comprehensive assessment of health
- Indicative of Health Status
- Derived from a single, simple to use, low cost test

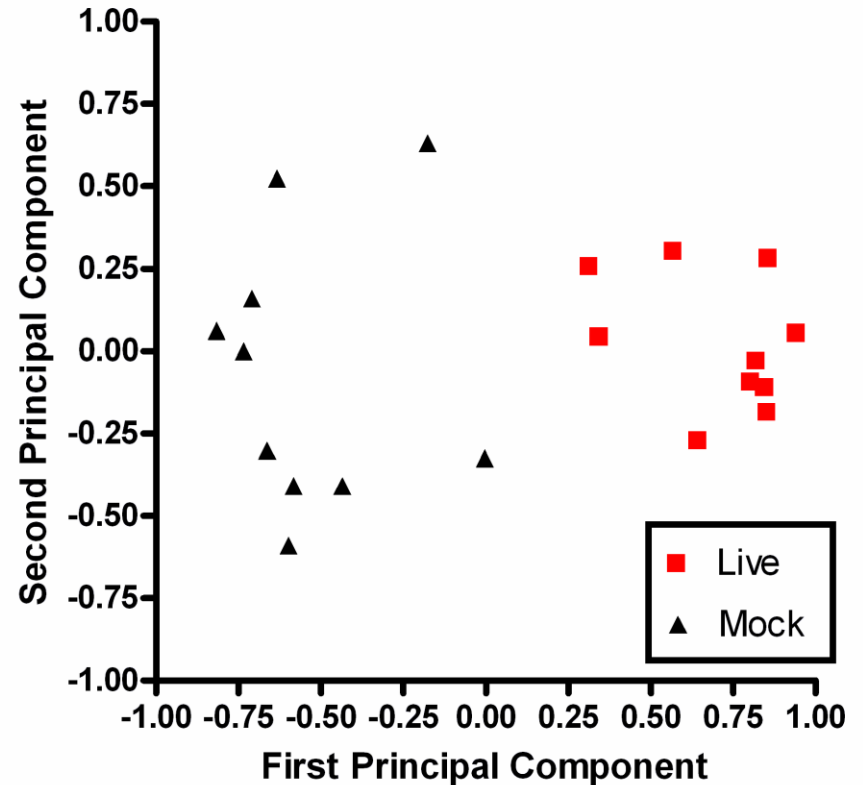
Which Vaccine is Protective?



The Immunosignature Distinguishes Infected from Mock Infected Mice

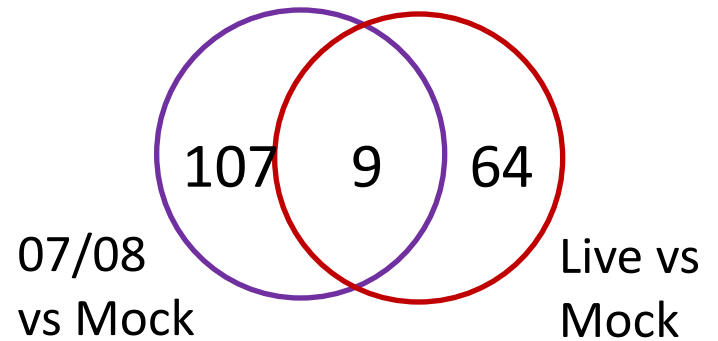
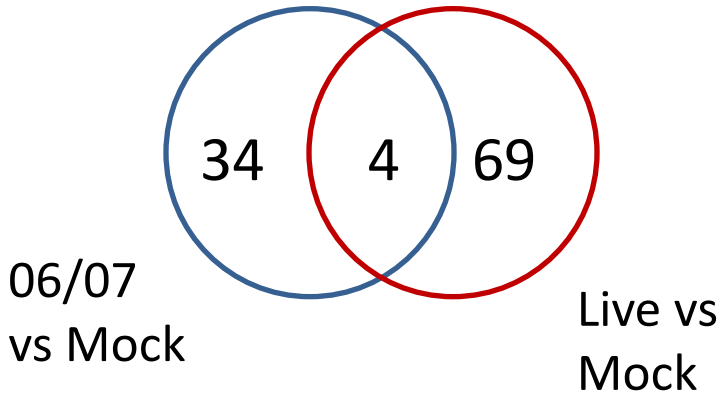
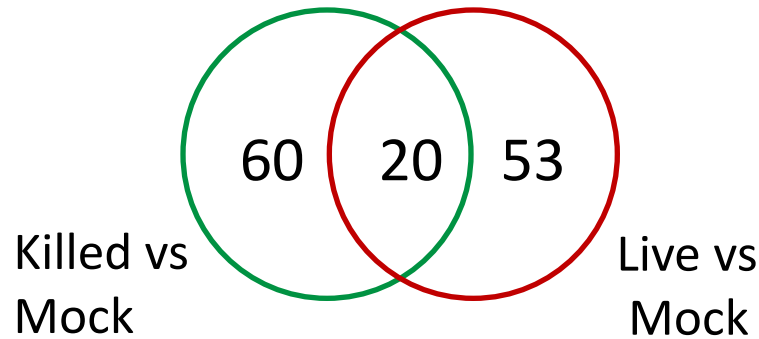


Live PR8 Mock (PBS)

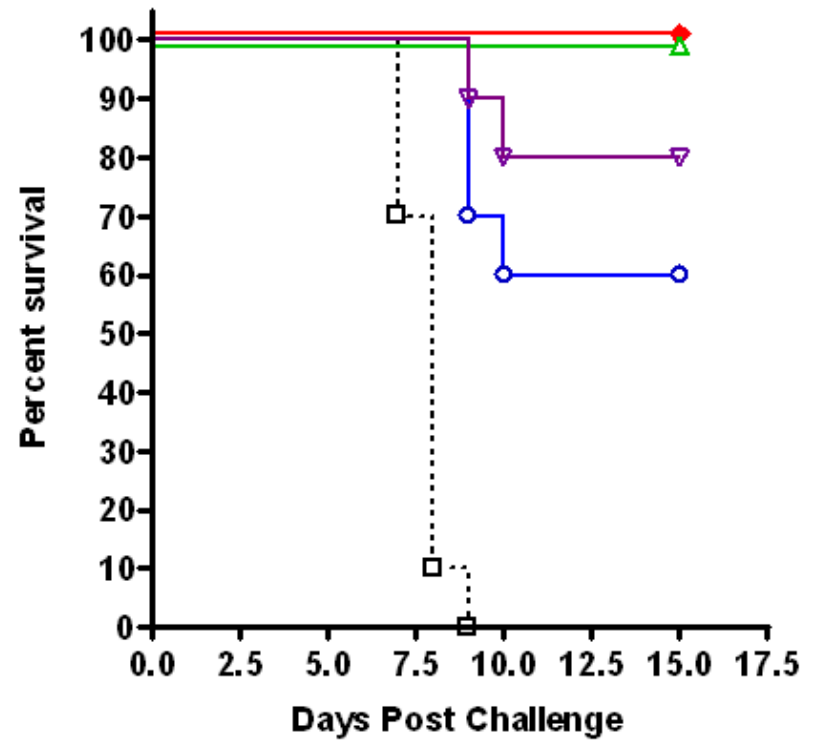
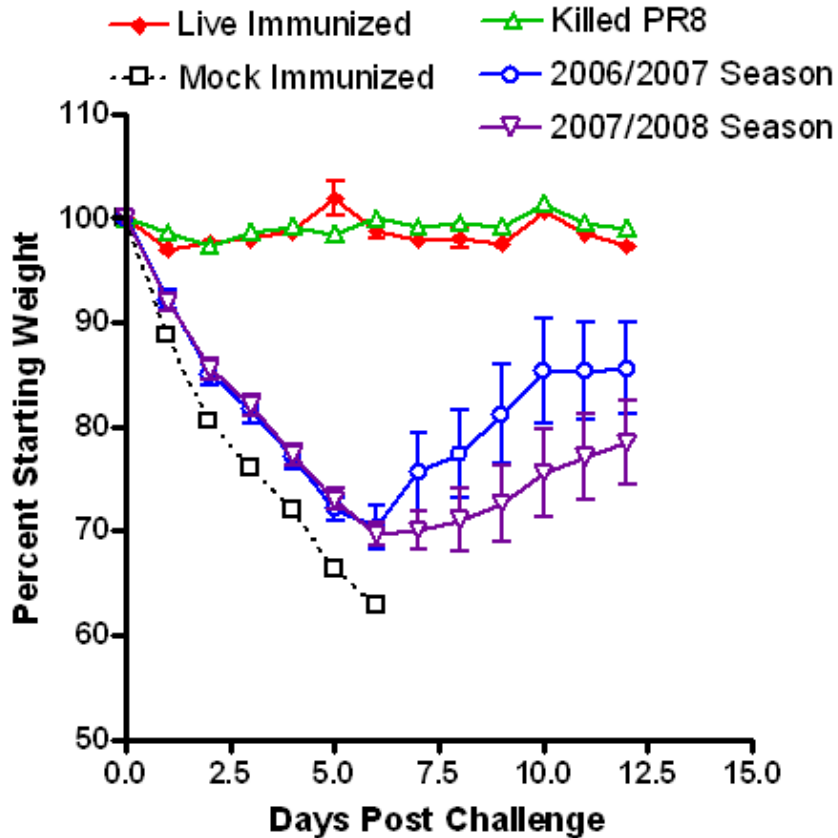


73 Peptides Selected Using expression profile mapping.

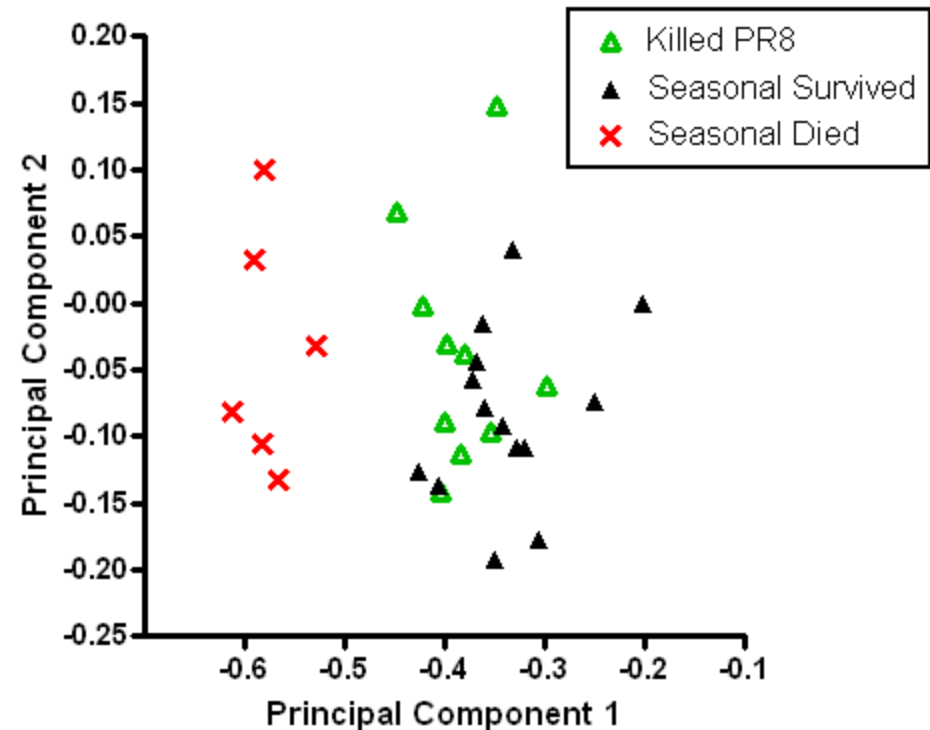
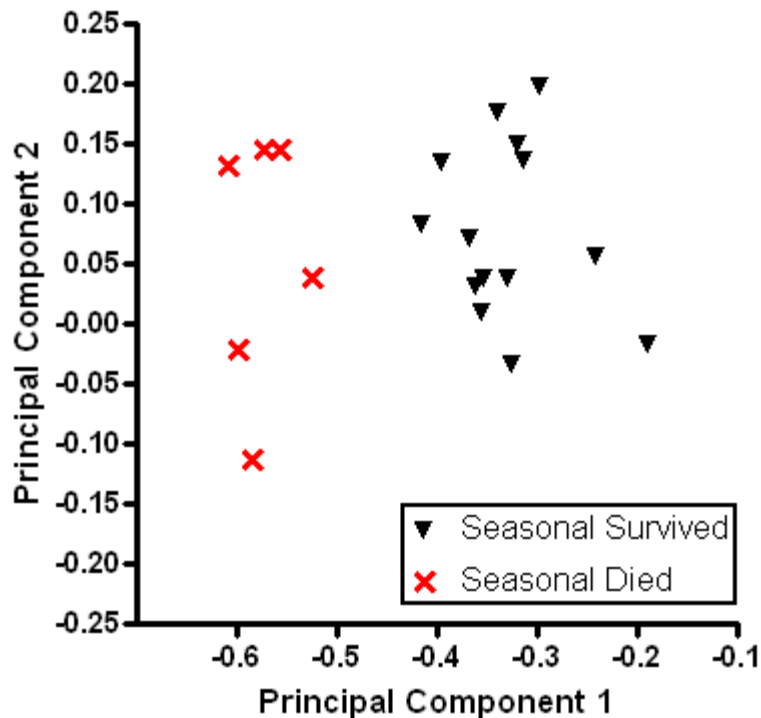
Killed PR8 Predicted as More Effective Than Seasonal Trivalent Vaccines



Challenge Results

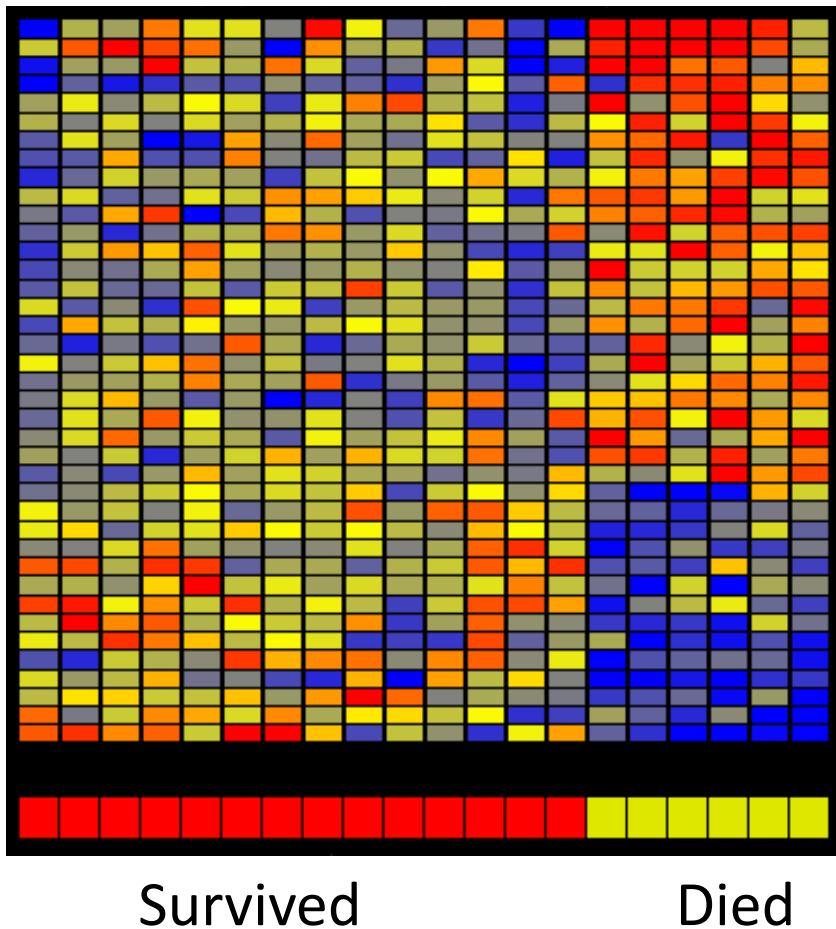


Immunosignature of Seasonal TIV Survivors Groups Survivors with The Killed PR8 Immunized



38 Peptides Selected using a T test with $p < 0.05$
Benjamani and Hochberg MTC and $>1.3x$ Fold Change

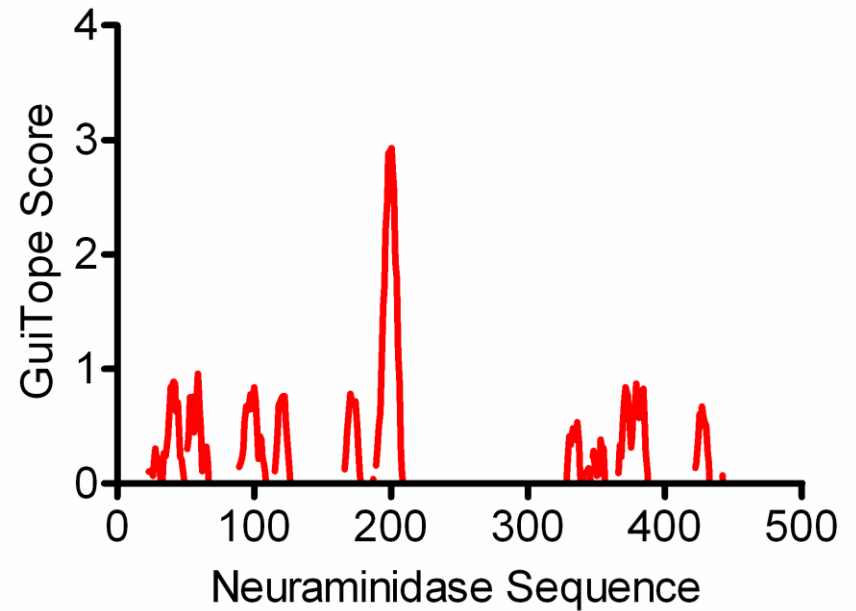
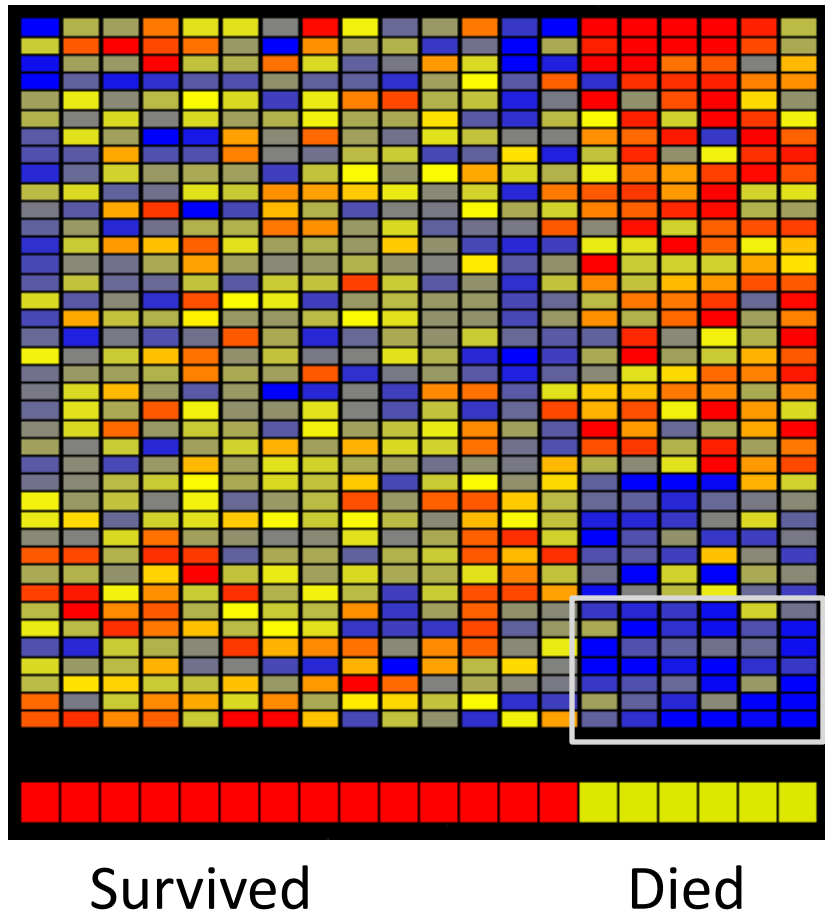
TIV Recipients Who Died Lack Specific Reactivity



Whole PR8 Virus ELISA in 2006-2007
TIV Recipients



Missing Reactivity Aligns to NA195-219



Summary

- **Immunosignature Technology is a Universal Diagnostic Platform**
- **It is Simple, Sensitive and Potentially Inexpensive**
- **It Also Can Be Employed as a Discovery Tool**

Russian-American Collaboration



Altai State University



Professor Andrei Chapoval, Director

Acknowledgements

- Innovations In Medicine
 - Neal Woodbury, co-director
 - Chris Diehnelt
 - John Lainson
 - Zbigniew Cichacz
 - Phillip Stafford
 - Zhan-Gong Zhao
 - Donnie Shepard
 - Bart Legutki
 - Andrey Loskutov
 - Penny Gwynne
 - Loren Howell
 - Douglas Daniel
 - Rebecca Halperin
 - Lucas Restrepo
 - Luhui Shen
 - Hu Duan
 - Debra Hansen
 - Pattie Madjidi
- HealthTell, Inc.
 - Bill Colston
 - Kathryn Sykes
 - David Smith
 - Fabrication Team
- NextVal, Inc.
 - Matthew Greving
- Complex Adaptive Systems Initiative
 - George Poste
- Other Collaborators
 - John Galgiani, U. of Arizona
 - Hoda Anton-Culver, UC Irvine
 - Sam Hanash, Fred Hutchinson Cancer Center
 - Adi Gazdar, UT Southwestern
 - Adrienne Scheck, Mayo Clinic
 - Dawn E. Jaroszewski, Mayo Clinic

\$Funding: The Biodesign Institute at ASU
HealthTell, Inc.
DTRA, NSF, DARPA, ARO

